

EXPOSURE DRAFT

ED 20/09

(June 2009)

**Proposed Auditing Standard
on Review Engagements
ASRE 2410
*Review of a Financial Report
Performed by the Independent
Auditor of the Entity (Revised
and Redrafted)*
(Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)**

Issued for Comment by the **Auditing and Assurance Standards
Board**



Australian Government

Auditing and Assurance Standards Board

Commenting on this Exposure Draft

Comments on this Exposure Draft should be forwarded so as to arrive by no later than 20 July 2009. Comments should be addressed to:

The Chairman
Auditing and Assurance Standards Board
PO Box 204
Collins Street West
Melbourne Victoria 8007
AUSTRALIA
E-mail: edcomments@auasb.gov.au

A copy of all non-confidential submissions will be placed on public record on the AUASB website: www.auasb.gov.au.

Obtaining a Copy of this Exposure Draft

This Exposure Draft is available on the AUASB website: www.auasb.gov.au.

Contact Details

The Auditing and Assurance Standards Board
Level 7
600 Bourke Street
Melbourne Victoria 3000
AUSTRALIA

Phone: (03) 8080 7400
Fax: (03) 8080 7450
E-mail: enquiries@auasb.gov.au

Postal Address:
PO Box 204
Collins Street West
Melbourne Victoria 8007
AUSTRALIA

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Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

CONTENTS

PREFACE

AUTHORITY STATEMENT

	<i>Paragraphs</i>
Application	1
Operative Date	2
Introduction	
Scope of this ASRE	3
Objective	4
Definitions	5
Requirements	
Performing a Review	6-7
General Principles of a Review of a Financial Report	8-10
Agreeing the Terms of the Engagement	11-12
Procedures for a Review of a Financial Report	13-14
Materiality	15
Enquiries, Analytical and Other Review Procedures	16-20
Comparatives – First Financial Report	21
Evaluation of Misstatements	22
Written Representations	23-24
Auditor’s Responsibility for Accompanying Information	25-26
Communication	27-31
Reporting the Nature, Extent and Results of the Review of a Financial Report	32
Departure from the Applicable Financial Reporting Framework	33-34
Limitation on Scope	35
Limitation on Scope Imposed by Management	36-38

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Other Limitations on Scope not Imposed by Management...	39
Going Concern and Significant Uncertainties.....	40-43
Documentation.....	44
Application and Other Explanatory Material	
Objective.....	A1-A3
Performing a Review	A4
General Principles of a Review of a Financial Report.....	A5-A7
Agreeing the Terms of the Engagement.....	A8
Procedures for a Review of a Financial Report.....	A9-A13
Materiality.....	A14-A18
Enquiries, Analytical and Other Review Procedures	A19-A27
Comparatives – First Financial Report	A28-A31
Evaluation of Misstatements.....	A32-A34
Written Representations.....	A35
Auditor’s Responsibility for Accompanying Information	A36-A37
Communication.....	A38-A40
Reporting the Nature, Extent and Results of the Review of a Financial Report.....	A41
Departure from the Applicable Financial Reporting Framework	A42-A43
Limitation on Scope.....	A44
Limitation on Scope Imposed by Management.....	A45-A47
Other Limitations on Scope not Imposed by Management...	A48-A49
Going Concern and Significant Uncertainties.....	A50-A54
Other Considerations	A55-A60
Documentation.....	A61
Conformity with International Standards on Auditing	
Appendix 1: Example of an Engagement Letter for a Review of an Interim Financial Report	

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Example of a Management Representation Letter

Appendix 2: Analytical Procedures the Auditor May Consider
When Performing a Review of an Interim
Financial Report

Illustrative Detailed Procedures that may be Performed in an
Engagement to Review an Interim Financial Report

Appendix 3: An Auditor's Review Report under the
Corporations Act 2001

Example of an Unmodified Auditor's Review
Report on a Half-Year Financial Report – Single
Disclosing Entity

Appendix 4: Example of an Unmodified Auditor's Review
Report on an Interim Financial Report
Interim Financial Report Prepared in Accordance with a
Financial Reporting Framework Designed to Achieve Fair
Presentation

Example of an Auditor's Review Report with a Qualified
Conclusion for a Departure from the Applicable Financial
Reporting Framework
Interim Financial Report Prepared in Accordance with a
Financial Reporting Framework Designed to Achieve Fair
Presentation

Example of an Auditor's Review Report with a Qualified
Conclusion for a Limitation On Scope Not Imposed by
Management
Interim Financial Report Prepared in Accordance with a
Financial Reporting Framework Designed to Achieve Fair
Presentation

Example of An Auditor's Review Report with an Adverse
Conclusion for a Departure from the Applicable Financial
Reporting Framework
Interim Financial Report Prepared in Accordance with a
Financial Reporting Framework Designed to Achieve Fair
Presentation

Example of an Auditor's Review Report with a Qualified
Conclusion on the Basis that Comparatives have not been
Reviewed or Audited
Interim Financial Report Prepared in Accordance with a
Financial Reporting Framework Designed to Achieve Fair
Presentation

**Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
*Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)***

PREFACE

Reasons for Issuing ED 20/09

The Auditing and Assurance Standards Board (AUASB) is proposing to re-issue Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410 *Review of Interim and Other Financial Reports Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity* pursuant to the requirements of the legislative provisions and the Strategic Direction explained below.

The AUASB is an independent statutory board of the Australian Government established under section 227A of the *Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001*, as amended (ASIC Act). Under section 336 of the *Corporations Act 2001*, the AUASB may make Australian Auditing Standards for the purposes of the corporations legislation. These Auditing Standards are legislative instruments under the *Legislative Instruments Act 2003*.

The International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board (IAASB), an independent standard-setting board of the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC), has undertaken a programme to redraft, in “clarity” format, the entire suite of International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). In some cases, and in accordance with normal practice, the ISAs have been revised in addition to being redrafted. The redrafted ISAs are effective for audits of financial statements for periods beginning on or after 15 December 2009.

Under the Strategic Direction given to the AUASB by the Financial Reporting Council (FRC), the AUASB is required to have regard to any programme initiated by the IAASB for the revision and enhancement of the ISAs and to make appropriate consequential amendments to the Australian Auditing Standards. Accordingly, the AUASB has decided to revise and redraft the Australian Auditing Standards using the equivalent redrafted ISAs.

The IAASB is still to redraft ISRE 2410 in “clarity” format, as it deals with review engagements rather than audits, which were the focus of its initial “clarity” programme. In Australia, ASRE 2410 is an Auditing Standard made under the *Corporations Act 2001*, and consequently, the AUASB has redrafted ASRE 2410 in a format that is consistent with the revised and redrafted ASAs.

**Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
*Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)***

Main Proposals

This proposed Auditing Standard establishes mandatory Requirements and provides Application and Other Explanatory Material regarding a review of a financial report by the auditor of the entity and the form and content of the review report.

Proposed Operative Date

It is intended that this proposed Auditing Standard will be operative for financial reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2010.

Main changes from existing ASRE 2410 *Review of Interim and Other Financial Reports Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity* (compiled August 2008)

The main differences between this proposed Auditing Standard and the Auditing Standard that it supersedes, ASRE 2410 *Review of Interim and Other Financial Reports Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity* (compiled August 2008), are included in the Tables of Differences provided as an attachment to this Exposure Draft.

Request for Comments

Comments are invited on this Exposure Draft of the proposed re-issuance of Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410, *Review of Interim and Other Financial Reports Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity* by no later than 20 July 2009. The AUASB is seeking comments on the main changes from the existing ASRE 2410 (compiled August 2008). In addition, respondents are asked to consider and respond to the following questions:

1. Have applicable laws and regulations been appropriately addressed in the proposed standard?
2. Are there any references to relevant laws or regulations that have been omitted?
3. Are there any laws or regulations that may, or do, prevent or impede the application of the proposed standard, or may conflict with the proposed standard?

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

4. What, if any, are the additional significant costs to/benefits for auditors and the business community arising from compliance with the main changes to the Requirements of this proposed Auditing Standard? If there are significant costs, do these outweigh the benefits to the users of audit services?
5. Are there any other significant public interest matters that constituents wish to raise?

The AUASB prefers that respondents express a clear opinion on whether the main changes to the Requirements of this proposed Auditing Standard are supported and that this opinion be supplemented by detailed comments, whether supportive or critical, on the above matters. The AUASB regards both supportive and critical comments as essential to a balanced review of the Auditing Standard.

AUASB Information Note

At the date of this exposure draft, the AUASB has not completed the revision and redrafting of the Australian Auditing Standards. Readers are advised that the AUASB may decide to make conforming amendments and other editorial changes to this document.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

AUTHORITY STATEMENT

The Auditing and Assurance Standards Board (AUASB) makes this Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410 *Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity (Revised and Redrafted)* pursuant to section 227B of the *Australian Securities and Investments Commission Act 2001* and section 336 of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

This Auditing Standard is to be read in conjunction with ASA 101 *Preamble to Australian Auditing Standards*, which sets out the intentions of the AUASB on how the Australian Auditing Standards, operative for financial reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2010, are to be understood, interpreted and applied.

AUDITING STANDARD ON REVIEW ENGAGEMENTS ASRE 2410

Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity (Revised and Redrafted)

Application

1. This Auditing Standard on Review Engagements applies to:
 - (a) a review by the independent auditor of the entity, of a financial report for a half-year, in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*; and
 - (b) a review, by the independent auditor of the entity, of a financial report, or a complete set of financial statements, comprising historical financial information, for any other purpose.

Operative Date

2. This Auditing Standard is operative for financial reporting periods commencing on or after 1 January 2010.

Introduction

Scope of this ASRE

3. This Auditing Standard deals with the auditor's responsibilities when an auditor undertakes an engagement to review a financial report of an audit client, and on the form and content of the auditor's review report. The term "auditor" is used throughout this Auditing Standard, not because the auditor is performing an audit function but because the scope of this Auditing Standard is limited to a review of a financial report performed by the independent auditor of the financial report of the entity.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Objective

4. The objective of the auditor is to plan and perform the review to enable the auditor to express a conclusion whether, on the basis of the review, anything has come to the auditor's attention that causes the auditor to believe that the financial report, or complete set of financial statements, is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework.
(Ref: Para. A1-A3)

Definitions

5. For the purposes of this Auditing Standard, the following terms have the meanings attributed below:
- (a) An interim financial report means a financial report that is prepared in accordance with an applicable financial reporting framework¹ for a period that is shorter than the entity's financial year.
 - (b) A financial report means a complete financial report which ordinarily includes accompanying notes and an assertion by those responsible for the financial report. The requirements of the applicable financial reporting framework determine the form and content of the financial report and what constitutes a complete financial report. For example, a financial report, as defined under section 303 of the *Corporations Act 2001* consists of financial statements for the half-year, notes to the financial statements and the directors' declaration about the statements and notes.
 - (c) An applicable financial reporting framework means a financial reporting framework that is designed to achieve fair presentation.

Requirements

Performing a Review

6. The auditor who is engaged to perform a review of a financial report shall perform the review in accordance with this Auditing Standard.
(Ref: Para. A4)

¹ For example, Accounting Standard AASB 134 *Interim Financial Reporting* and the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

7. Where in rare and exceptional circumstances, factors outside the auditor's control prevent the auditor from complying with a relevant mandatory requirement in this Auditing Standard, the auditor shall:
- (a) if possible, perform appropriate alternative procedures; and
 - (b) document in the working papers:
 - (i) the circumstances surrounding the inability to comply;
 - (ii) the reasons for the inability to comply; and
 - (iii) justification of how alternative procedures achieve the objectives of the mandatory requirement.

When the auditor is unable to perform appropriate alternative procedures, the auditor shall consider the implications for the auditor's review report.

General Principles of a Review of a Financial Report

8. The auditor shall comply with the ethical requirements relevant to the audit of the annual financial report of the entity. (Ref: Para. A5)
9. The auditor shall implement quality control procedures that are applicable to the individual engagement. (Ref: Para. A6)
10. The auditor shall plan and perform the review by exercising professional judgement and with an attitude of professional scepticism, recognising that circumstances may exist that cause the financial report to require a material adjustment for it to be prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework. (Ref: Para. A7)

Agreeing the Terms of the Engagement

11. The auditor shall, prior to agreeing the terms of the engagement, determine whether the financial reporting framework is acceptable and obtain agreement from management that it acknowledges and understands its responsibility:
- (a) for the preparation of the financial report;

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

- (b) for such internal controls as management deems necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement; and
 - (c) to provide the auditor with:
 - access to information relevant to the preparation of the financial report;
 - additional information that the auditor may request for the purposes of the review engagement; and
 - unrestricted access to persons from whom the auditor determines it necessary to obtain evidence.
12. The auditor shall agree the terms of the engagement with the entity, which shall be recorded in writing by the auditor and forwarded to the entity. When the review engagement is undertaken pursuant to legislation, the minimum applicable terms are those contained in the legislation. (Ref: Para. A8 and A58)

Procedures for a Review of a Financial Report

Understanding the Entity and its Environment, Including its Internal Control

13. The auditor shall obtain an understanding of the entity and its environment, including its internal control, as it relates to the preparation of both the annual and interim or other financial reports, sufficient to plan and conduct the engagement so as to be able to:
- (a) identify the types of potential material misstatements and consider the likelihood of their occurrence; and
 - (b) select the enquiries, analytical and other review procedures that will provide the auditor with a basis for reporting whether anything has come to the auditor's attention that causes the auditor to believe that the financial report is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework.
(Ref: Para. A9-A13)
14. In order to plan and conduct a review of a financial report, a recently appointed auditor, who has not yet performed an audit of the annual financial report in accordance with Auditing Standards, shall obtain an understanding of the entity and its environment, including its

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

internal control, as it relates to the preparation of both the annual and interim or other financial reports. (Ref: Para. A13)

Materiality (Ref: Para. A14-A18)

15. The auditor shall consider materiality, using professional judgement, when:
- (a) determining the nature, timing and extent of review procedures; and
 - (b) evaluating the effect of misstatements.

Enquiries, Analytical and Other Review Procedures

16. The auditor shall make enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and perform analytical and other review procedures to enable the auditor to conclude whether, on the basis of the procedures performed, anything has come to the auditor's attention that causes the auditor to believe that the financial report is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework.
(Ref: Para. A19-A23)
17. The auditor shall obtain evidence that the financial report agrees or reconciles with the underlying accounting records.
(Ref: Para. A24)
18. The auditor shall enquire whether management has identified all events up to the date of the review report that may require adjustment to or disclosure in the financial report.
(Ref: Para. A25)
19. The auditor shall enquire whether those charged with governance have changed their assessment of the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. When, as the result of this enquiry or other review procedures, the auditor becomes aware of events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, the auditor shall:
- (a) enquire of those charged with governance as to their plans for future actions based on their going concern assessment, the feasibility of these plans, and whether they believe that the outcome of these plans will improve the situation; and

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

- (b) consider the adequacy of the disclosure about such matters in the financial report. (Ref: Para. A26)
20. When a matter comes to the auditor's attention that leads the auditor to question whether a material adjustment should be made for the financial report to be prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework, the auditor shall make additional enquiries or perform other procedures to enable the auditor to express a conclusion in the review report. (Ref: Para. A27)

Comparatives – First Financial Report (Ref: Para. A28-A31)

21. When comparative information is included for the first time in a financial report, an auditor shall perform similar procedures on the comparative information as applied to the current period financial report.

Evaluation of Misstatements (Ref: Para. A32-A34)

22. The auditor shall evaluate, individually and in the aggregate, whether uncorrected misstatements that have come to the auditor's attention are material to the financial report.

Written Representations

23. The auditor shall endeavour to obtain written representations from management that:
- (a) they acknowledge their responsibility for the design and implementation of internal control to prevent and detect fraud and error;
 - (b) the financial report is prepared and presented in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework;
 - (c) they believe the effect of those uncorrected misstatements aggregated by the auditor during the review are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the financial report taken as a whole. A summary of such items is included in or attached to the written representations;
 - (d) they have disclosed to the auditor all significant facts relating to any frauds or suspected frauds known to them that may have affected the entity;

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

- (e) they have disclosed to the auditor the results of their assessment of the risk that the financial report may be materially misstated as a result of fraud;
 - (f) they have disclosed to the auditor all known actual or possible non-compliance with laws and regulations the effects of which are to be considered when preparing the financial report; and
 - (g) they have disclosed to the auditor all significant events that have occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date and through to the date of the review report that may require adjustment to or disclosure in the financial report.
(Ref: Para. A35)
24. If those charged with governance refuse to provide a written representation that the auditor considers necessary, this constitutes a limitation on the scope of the auditor's work and the auditor shall express a qualified conclusion or a disclaimer of conclusion.

Auditor's Responsibility for Accompanying Information

25. The auditor shall read the other information that accompanies the financial report to consider whether any such information is materially inconsistent with the financial report. (Ref: Para. A36)
26. If a matter comes to the auditor's attention that causes the auditor to believe that the other information appears to include a material misstatement of fact, the auditor shall discuss the matter with the entity's management. (Ref: Para. A37)

Communication

27. When, as a result of performing a review of a financial report, a matter comes to the auditor's attention that causes the auditor to believe that it is necessary to make a material adjustment to the financial report for it to be prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework, the auditor shall communicate this matter as soon as practicable to the appropriate level of management.
28. When, in the auditor's judgement, management does not respond appropriately within a reasonable period of time, the auditor shall inform those charged with governance. (Ref: Para. A38)

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

29. When, in the auditor's judgement, those charged with governance do not respond appropriately within a reasonable period of time, the auditor shall consider:
- (a) whether to modify the review report; or
 - (b) the possibility of withdrawing from the engagement; and
 - (c) the possibility of resigning from the appointment to audit the annual financial report.
30. When, as a result of performing the review of a financial report, a matter comes to the auditor's attention that causes the auditor to believe in the existence of fraud or non-compliance by the entity with laws and regulations, the auditor shall communicate the matter as soon as practicable to those charged with governance and shall consider the implications for the review. (Ref: Para. A39)
31. The auditor shall communicate relevant matters of governance interest arising from the review of the financial report to those charged with governance. (Ref: Para. A40)

Reporting the Nature, Extent and Results of the Review of a Financial Report

32. The auditor shall issue a written report that contains the following:
- (a) An appropriate title clearly identifying it as a review report of the independent auditor of the entity.
 - (b) An addressee, as required by the circumstances of the engagement.
 - (c) Identification of the financial report reviewed including identification of the title of each of the statements contained in the financial report and the date and period covered by the financial report.
 - (d) A statement that those charged with governance are responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework.
 - (e) A statement that the auditor is responsible for expressing a conclusion on the financial report based on the review.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

- (f) A statement that the review of the financial report was conducted in accordance with Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410 *Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity*, and that that Auditing Standard requires the auditor to comply with ethical requirements relevant to the audit of the annual financial report.
- (g) A statement that a review consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures.
- (h) A statement that a review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Auditing Standards and consequently does not enable the auditor to obtain assurance that the auditor would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit and that accordingly no audit opinion is expressed.
- (i) A conclusion as to whether anything has come to the auditor's attention that causes the auditor to believe that the financial report does not present fairly, or if applicable, is not true and fair, in all material respects, in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework (including a reference to the jurisdiction or country of origin of the financial reporting framework when Australia is not the origin of the financial reporting framework used).
- (j) The date of the auditor's review report.
- (k) The location in the country or jurisdiction where the auditor practices.
- (l) The auditor's signature. (Ref: Para. A41)

Departure from the Applicable Financial Reporting Framework

33. The auditor shall express a qualified or adverse conclusion when a matter has come to the auditor's attention that causes the auditor to believe that a material adjustment should be made to the financial report for it to be prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework. The auditor shall include a basis for modification paragraph in the report, that describes the nature of the departure and, if practicable, state the

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

effects on the financial report. If the effects or possible effects are incapable of being measured reliably, a statement to that effect and the reasons therefore shall be included in the basis for modification paragraph. The conclusion paragraph shall be headed 'Qualified Conclusion' or "Adverse Conclusion" whichever is relevant.

(Ref: Para. A42)

34. When the effect of the departure is so material and pervasive to the financial report that the auditor concludes a qualified conclusion is not adequate to disclose the misleading or incomplete nature of the financial report, the auditor shall express an adverse conclusion.

(Ref: Para. A43)

Limitation on Scope (Ref: Para. A44)

35. When the auditor is unable to complete the review, the auditor shall communicate, in writing, to the appropriate level of management and to those charged with governance the reason why the review cannot be completed, and consider whether it is appropriate to issue a review report.

Limitation on Scope Imposed by Management

36. Unless required by law or regulation, an auditor shall not accept an engagement to review a financial report when management has imposed a limitation on the scope of the auditor's review.
- (Ref: Para. A45)
37. If, after accepting the engagement, management imposes a limitation on the scope of the review, the auditor shall request management to remove the limitation. If management refuses the auditor's request to remove the limitation, the auditor shall communicate, in writing, to the appropriate level of management and those charged with governance, the reason(s) why the review cannot be completed.
- (Ref: Para. A46)
38. If management refuses the auditor's request to remove a limitation that has been imposed on the scope of the review, but there is a legal or regulatory requirement for the auditor to issue a report, the auditor shall issue a disclaimer of conclusion or qualified conclusion report containing the reason(s) why the review cannot be completed.
- (Ref: Para. A47)

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Other Limitations on Scope not Imposed by Management (Ref: Para. A48-A49)

39. When the auditor concludes that an unqualified conclusion cannot be expressed, the auditor shall express a qualified conclusion when in rare circumstances there is a limitation on the scope of an auditor's work, that is confined to one or more specific matters that, while material, are not in the auditor's judgement pervasive to the financial report. A qualified conclusion shall be expressed as being "except for" the effects of the matter to which the qualification relates. The conclusion paragraph shall be headed "Qualified Conclusion".

Going Concern and Significant Uncertainties (Ref: Para. A50-A54)

40. If adequate disclosure is made in the financial report, the auditor shall add an emphasis of matter paragraph to the review report to highlight a material uncertainty relating to an event or condition that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern.
41. If a material uncertainty that casts significant doubt about the entity's ability to continue as a going concern is not adequately disclosed in the financial report, the auditor shall express a qualified or adverse conclusion, as appropriate. The report shall include specific reference to the fact that there is such a material uncertainty.
42. In circumstances other than a going concern problem, the auditor shall consider adding an emphasis of matter paragraph to highlight a significant uncertainty that is adequately disclosed in the financial report, that came to the auditor's attention, the resolution of which is dependent upon future events and which may materially affect the financial report.
43. If a significant uncertainty (other than a going concern problem) is not adequately disclosed in the financial report, the auditor shall express a qualified or adverse conclusion, as appropriate. The report shall include specific reference to the fact that there is such a significant uncertainty.

Documentation (Ref: Para. A61)

44. The auditor shall prepare review documentation that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for the auditor's conclusion and to provide evidence that the review was performed in accordance with

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

this Auditing Standard and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

* * *

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Application and Other Explanatory Material

Objective (Ref: Para. A4)

- A1. Under paragraph 13 of this Auditing Standard, the auditor needs to make enquiries, and perform analytical and other review procedures in order to reduce to a limited level the risk of expressing an inappropriate conclusion when the financial report is materially misstated.
- A2. The objective of a review of a financial report differs significantly from that of an audit conducted in accordance with Auditing Standards. A review of a financial report does not provide a basis for expressing an opinion whether the financial report gives a true and fair view, or is presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework.
- A3. A review, in contrast to an audit, is not designed to obtain reasonable assurance that the financial report is free from material misstatement. A review consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review may bring significant matters affecting the financial report to the auditor's attention, but it does not provide all of the evidence that would be required in an audit.

Performing a Review (Ref: Para 6)

- A4. Through performing the audit of the annual financial report, the auditor obtains an understanding of the entity and its environment, including its internal control. When the auditor is engaged to review the financial report, under paragraph 13 of this Auditing Standard, the auditor needs to update this understanding through enquiries made in the course of the review, to assist the auditor in focusing the enquiries to be made and the analytical and other review procedures to be applied. A practitioner who is engaged to perform a review of a financial report, and who is not the auditor of the entity, does not perform the review in accordance with ASRE 2410*, as the practitioner ordinarily does not have the same understanding of the entity and its environment, including its internal control, as the auditor of the entity.

* See ASRE 2400 *Review of a Financial Report Performed by an Assurance Practitioner Who is Not the Auditor of the Entity*.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

General Principles of a Review of a Financial Report

- A5. Relevant ethical requirements as in force at the relevant time, govern the auditor's professional responsibilities in the following areas: independence, integrity, objectivity, professional competence and due care, confidentiality, professional behaviour, and technical standards. (Ref: Para. 8)
- A6. The elements of quality control that are relevant to an individual engagement include leadership responsibilities for quality on the engagement, ethical requirements, acceptance and continuance of client relationships and specific engagements, assignment of engagement teams, engagement performance, and monitoring.² (Ref: Para. 9)
- A7. An attitude of professional scepticism denotes that the auditor makes a critical assessment, with a questioning mind, of the validity of evidence obtained and is alert to evidence that contradicts or brings into question the reliability of documents or representations by management of the entity. (Ref: Para. 10)

Agreeing the Terms of the Engagement

- A8. Written agreement of the terms of the engagement helps to avoid misunderstandings regarding the nature of the engagement and, in particular, the objective and scope of the review, the responsibilities of those charged with governance, the extent of the auditor's responsibilities, the assurance obtained, and the nature and form of the report. The communication ordinarily covers the following matters:
- the objective of a review of a financial report;
 - the scope of the review;
 - the responsibilities of those charged with governance for:
 - ◆ the financial report;

² The quality control procedures relevant to an audit engagement are contained in Auditing Standard ASA 220 *Quality Control for an Audit of a Financial Report and Other Historical Financial Information* (revised and redrafted), and may be helpful in determining quality control procedures applicable to a review engagement.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

- ◆ establishing and maintaining effective internal control relevant to the preparation of the financial report; and
- ◆ making all financial records and related information available to the auditor;
- agreement from those charged with governance:
 - ◆ to provide written representations to the auditor to confirm representations made orally during the review, as well as representations that are implicit in the entity's records; and
 - ◆ that where any document containing the financial report indicates that the financial report has been reviewed by the entity's auditor, the review report also will be included in the document; and
- the anticipated form and content of the report to be issued, including the identity of the addressee of the report.

An illustrative engagement letter is set out in Appendix 1 to this Auditing Standard. The terms of engagement to review a financial report can also be combined with the terms of engagement to audit the annual financial report. (Ref: Para. 12)

Procedures for a Review of a Financial Report

Understanding the Entity and its Environment, Including its Internal Control

- A9. Under ASA 315 *Identifying and Assessing the Risks of Material Misstatement Through Understanding the Entity and Its Environment*, the auditor who has audited the entity's financial report for one or more annual periods has obtained an understanding of the entity and its environment, including its internal control, as it relates to the preparation of the annual financial report that was sufficient to conduct the audit. In planning a review of a financial report, under paragraph 13 of this Auditing Standard, the auditor needs to update this understanding. Under paragraph 13 of this Auditing Standard, the auditor also needs to obtain a sufficient understanding of internal control as it relates to the preparation of the financial report as it may differ from internal control as it relates to the annual financial report. (Ref: Para. 13)

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

- A10. Under paragraph 13 of this Auditing Standard, the auditor needs to use the understanding of the entity and its environment, including its internal control, to determine the enquiries to be made and the analytical and other review procedures to be applied, and to identify the particular events, transactions or assertions to which enquiries may be directed or analytical or other review procedures applied.
(Ref: Para. 13)
- A11. The procedures performed by the auditor to update the understanding of the entity and its environment, including its internal control, ordinarily include the following:
- reading the documentation, to the extent necessary, of the preceding year's audit and reviews of prior period(s) of the current year and corresponding period(s) of the prior year, to enable the auditor to identify matters that may affect the current-period financial report;
 - considering any significant risks, including the risk of management override of controls, that were identified in the audit of the prior year's financial report;
 - reading the most recent annual and comparable prior period financial report;
 - considering materiality with reference to the applicable financial reporting framework as it relates to the financial report to assist in determining the nature and extent of the procedures to be performed and evaluating the effect of misstatements;
 - considering the nature of any corrected material misstatements and any identified uncorrected immaterial misstatements in the prior year's financial report;
 - considering significant financial accounting and reporting matters that may be of continuing significance such as material weaknesses in internal control;
 - considering the results of any audit procedures performed with respect to the current year's financial report;
 - considering the results of any internal audit performed and the subsequent actions taken by management;

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

- enquiring of management about the results of management’s assessment of the risk that the financial report may be materially misstated as a result of fraud;
 - enquiring of management about the effect of changes in the entity’s business activities;
 - enquiring of management about any significant changes in internal control and the potential effect of any such changes on the preparation of the financial report; and
 - enquiring of management of the process by which the financial report has been prepared and the reliability of the underlying accounting records to which the financial report is agreed or reconciled. (Ref: Para. 13)
- A12. Under paragraph 13, the auditor needs to determine the nature of the review procedures, if any, to be performed for components and, where applicable, communicate these matters to other auditors involved in the review. Factors considered ordinarily include the materiality of, and risk of misstatement in, the financial report components, and the auditor’s understanding of the extent to which internal control over the preparation of such reports is centralised or decentralised. (Ref: Para. 13)
- A13. The understanding of the entity and its environment referred to in paragraph 13 enables the auditor to focus the enquiries made, and the analytical and other review procedures applied in performing a review of the financial report in accordance with this Auditing Standard. As part of obtaining this understanding, ordinarily the auditor makes enquiries of the predecessor auditor and, where practicable, reviews the predecessor auditor’s documentation for the preceding annual audit and for any prior periods in the current year that have been reviewed by the predecessor auditor. In doing so, ordinarily the auditor considers the nature of any corrected misstatements, and any uncorrected misstatements aggregated by the auditor, any significant risks, including the risk of management override of controls, and significant accounting and any reporting matters that may be of continuing significance, such as material weaknesses in internal control. (Ref: Para. 14)

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Materiality (Ref: Para. 15)

- A14. Under paragraph 15 of this Auditing Standard, the auditor needs to use professional judgement and consider qualitative and quantitative factors in determining materiality.
- A15. Ordinarily the auditor's consideration of materiality for a review of a financial report is based on the period financial data and accordingly materiality based on interim period financial data may be less than materiality for annual financial data. If the entity's business is subject to cyclical variations or if the financial results for the current period show an exceptional decrease or increase compared to prior periods and expected results for the current year, the auditor may, for example, conclude that materiality is more appropriately determined using a normalised figure for the period.
- A16. The auditor's consideration of materiality, in evaluating the effects of misstatements, is a matter of professional judgement and is affected by the auditor's perception of the financial information needs of users of the financial report.
- A17. If the applicable financial reporting framework contains a definition of materiality, it will ordinarily provide a frame of reference to the auditor when determining materiality for planning and performing the review.
- A18. Under paragraph 15 of this Auditing Standard, the auditor needs, when relevant, to consider materiality from the perspective of both the entity and the consolidated entity.

Enquiries, Analytical and Other Review Procedures

- A19. A review ordinarily does not require tests of the accounting records through inspection, observation or confirmation. Procedures for performing a review of a financial report ordinarily are limited to making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters and applying analytical and other review procedures, rather than corroborating information obtained concerning matters relating to the financial report. The auditor's understanding of the entity and its environment, including its internal control, the results of the risk assessments relating to the preceding audit and the auditor's consideration of materiality as it relates to the financial report, affects the nature and extent of the enquiries made, and analytical and other review procedures applied.
(Ref: Para. 16)

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

A20. The auditor ordinarily performs the following procedures:

- Reading the minutes of the meetings of shareholders, those charged with governance and other appropriate committees to identify matters that may affect the financial report, and enquiring about matters dealt with at meetings for which minutes are not available that may affect the financial report.
- Considering the effect, if any, of matters giving rise to a modification of the audit or review report, accounting adjustments or unadjusted misstatements, at the time of the previous audit or reviews.
- Communicating, where appropriate, with other auditors who are performing a review of the financial report of the entity's significant components.
- Enquiring of members of management responsible for financial and accounting matters, and others as appropriate, about the following:
 - ◆ whether the financial report has been prepared and presented in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework;
 - ◆ whether there have been any changes in accounting principles or in the methods of applying them;
 - ◆ whether any new transactions have necessitated the application of a new accounting principle;
 - ◆ whether the financial report contains any known uncorrected misstatements;
 - ◆ unusual or complex situations that may have affected the financial report, such as a business combination or disposal of a segment of the business;
 - ◆ significant assumptions that are relevant to the fair value measurement or disclosures and management's intention and ability to carry out specific courses of action on behalf of the entity;

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

- ◆ whether related party transactions have been appropriately accounted for and disclosed in the financial report;
 - ◆ significant changes in commitments and contractual obligations;
 - ◆ significant changes in contingent assets and contingent liabilities including litigation or claims;
 - ◆ compliance with debt covenants;
 - ◆ matters about which questions have arisen in the course of applying the review procedures;
 - ◆ significant transactions occurring in the last several days of the period or the first several days of the next period;
 - ◆ knowledge of any fraud or suspected fraud affecting the entity involving:
 - management;
 - employees who have significant roles in internal control; or
 - others where the fraud could have a material effect on the financial report; and
 - ◆ knowledge of any allegations of fraud, or suspected fraud, affecting the entity's financial information communicated by employees, former employees, analysts, regulators or others; and
 - ◆ knowledge of any actual or possible non-compliance with laws and regulations that could have a material effect on the financial report.
- Applying analytical procedures to the financial report designed to identify relationships and individual items that appear to be unusual and that may reflect a material misstatement in the financial report. Analytical procedures may include ratio analysis and statistical techniques such as trend analysis or regression analysis and may be performed

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

manually or with the use of computer-assisted auditing techniques. Appendix 2 to this Auditing Standard contains examples of analytical procedures the auditor may consider when performing a review of a financial report.

- Reading the financial report and considering whether anything has come to the auditor's attention that causes the auditor to believe that the financial report is not in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework. (Ref: Para. 16)

A21. The auditor may perform many of the review procedures before or simultaneously with the entity's preparation of the financial report. For example, it may be practicable to update the understanding of the entity and its environment, including its internal control, and begin reading applicable minutes before the end of the period. Performing some of the review procedures earlier in the period also permits early identification and consideration of significant accounting matters affecting the financial report. (Ref: Para. 16)

A22. The auditor performing a review of the financial report is also the auditor of the annual financial report of the entity. For convenience and efficiency, the auditor may decide to perform certain audit procedures concurrently with the review of the financial report. For example, information gained from reading the minutes of meetings of the board of directors in connection with the review of the financial report also may be used for the annual audit. The auditor may decide also to perform, at the time of the review, auditing procedures that would need to be performed for the purpose of the audit of the annual financial report, for example, performing auditing procedures on:

- significant or unusual transactions that occurred during the period, such as business combinations, restructurings, or significant revenue transactions, or
- opening balances (when applicable). (Ref: Para. 16)

A23. A review of a financial report ordinarily does not require corroborating the enquiries about litigation or claims. It is, therefore, ordinarily not necessary to send an enquiry letter to the entity's lawyer. Direct communication with the entity's lawyer with respect to litigation or claims, or alternative procedures, may, however, be appropriate if a matter comes to the auditor's attention that causes the auditor to question whether the financial report is in

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework.
(Ref: Para. 16)

- A24. The auditor may obtain evidence that the financial report agrees or reconciles with the underlying accounting records by tracing the financial report to:
- (a) the accounting records, such as the general ledger, or a consolidating schedule that agrees or reconciles with the accounting records; and
 - (b) other supporting data in the entity's records as necessary.
(Ref: Para. 17)
- A25. Under paragraph 18 of this Auditing Standard, the auditor need not perform procedures to identify events occurring after the date of the review report. (Ref: Para. 18)
- A26. Events or conditions which may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern may have existed at the date of the annual financial report or may be identified as a result of enquiries of management or in the course of performing other review procedures. When such events or conditions come to the auditor's attention, under paragraph 19 of this Auditing Standard, the auditor needs to enquire of those charged with governance as to their plans for future action, such as their plans to liquidate assets, borrow money or restructure debt, reduce or delay expenditures, or increase capital. Under paragraph 19 of this Auditing Standard, the auditor needs to enquire also as to the feasibility of the plans of those charged with governance and whether they believe that the outcome of these plans will improve the situation. Ordinarily, the auditor considers, based on procedures performed, whether it is necessary to corroborate the feasibility of the plans of those charged with governance and whether the outcome of these plans will improve the situation. (Ref: Para. 19)
- A27. For example, if the auditor's review procedures lead the auditor to question whether a significant sales transaction is recorded in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework, the auditor performs additional procedures sufficient to resolve the auditor's questions, such as discussing the terms of the transaction with senior marketing and accounting personnel or reading the sales contract. (Ref: Para. 20)

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Comparatives – First Financial Report (Ref: Para. 21)

- A28. When comparative information is included in the first financial report and the auditor is unable to obtain sufficient appropriate review evidence to achieve the review objective, a limitation on the scope of the review exists. Under paragraph 39 of this Auditing Standard, the auditor needs to modify³ the review report. In such cases, ordinarily an auditor encourages clear disclosure, in the financial report, that the auditor has been unable to review the comparatives. An example of a modified review report is included in Appendix 4.
- A29. When comparative information is included in the first financial report and the auditor believes a material adjustment should be made to the financial report, under paragraph 33 this Auditing Standard, the auditor needs to modify the review report.
- A30. When an entity has come into existence only within the first financial reporting period, comparative information will not be provided in the first financial report and no modified review report is required.
- A31. Accounting Standard AASB 101 *Presentation of Financial Statements*, provides requirements and explanatory guidance relating to comparative information included in a financial report prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards. Accounting Standard AASB 1 *First-time Adoption of Australian Equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standards*, provides requirements and guidance relating to comparative information when an entity adopts Australian Equivalents to International Financial Reporting Standard for the first time.

Evaluation of Misstatements (Ref: Para. 22)

- A32. A review of an financial report, in contrast to an audit engagement, is not designed to obtain reasonable assurance that the financial report is free from material misstatement. However, under paragraph 22 of this Auditing Standard, misstatements which come to the auditor's attention, including inadequate disclosures, need to be evaluated individually and in the aggregate to determine whether a material adjustment is required to be made to the financial report for it to be prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework.

³ Ordinarily a restriction on the scope of the auditor's work will result in a qualified ("except for") conclusion.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

- A33. Under paragraph 22 of this Auditing Standard, the auditor needs to exercise professional judgement in evaluating the materiality of any misstatements that the entity has not corrected. Ordinarily, the auditor considers matters such as the nature, cause and amount of the misstatements, whether the misstatements originated in the preceding year or current year, and the potential effect of the misstatements on future interim or annual periods.
- A34. The auditor may designate an amount below which misstatements need not be aggregated, because the auditor expects that the aggregation of such amounts clearly would not have a material effect on the financial report. In so doing, under paragraph 15 of this Auditing Standard, the auditor needs to consider the fact that the determination of materiality involves quantitative as well as qualitative considerations and that misstatements of a relatively small amount could nevertheless have a material effect on the financial report.

Written Representations

- A35. Under paragraph 23 of this Auditing Standard, the auditor needs to endeavour to obtain additional representations as are appropriate to matters specific to the entity's business or industry. An illustrative representation letter is set out in Appendix 1 to this Auditing Standard. (Ref: Para. 23)

Auditor's Responsibility for Accompanying Information

- A36. If the auditor identifies a material inconsistency, under paragraph 25 of this Auditing Standard, the auditor needs to consider whether the financial report or the other information needs to be amended. If an amendment is necessary in the financial report and those charged with governance refuse to make the amendment, under paragraph 29 of this Auditing Standard, the auditor needs to consider the implications for the review report. If an amendment is necessary in the other information and those charged with governance refuse to make the amendment, the auditor may, for example, consider including in the review report an additional paragraph (emphasis of matter) describing the material inconsistency or taking other actions, such as withholding the issuance of the review report or withdrawing from the engagement*. For example, those charged with governance may present alternative measures of earnings that more positively portray financial performance than the financial

* Withholding issuance of the review report and/or withdrawing from the review engagement are not options available under the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

report, and such alternative measures are given excessive prominence, are not clearly defined, or not clearly reconciled to the financial report such that they are confusing and potentially misleading. (Ref: Para. 25)

- A37. While reading the other information for the purpose of identifying material inconsistencies, an apparent material misstatement of fact may come to the auditor's attention (i.e. information, not related to matters appearing in the financial report, that is incorrectly stated or presented). When discussing the matter with the entity's management, ordinarily the auditor considers the validity of the other information and management's responses to the auditor's enquiries, whether valid differences of judgement or opinion exist and whether to request management to consult with a qualified third party to resolve the apparent misstatement of fact. If an amendment is necessary to correct a material misstatement of fact and management refuses to make the amendment, ordinarily the auditor considers taking further action as appropriate, such as notifying those charged with governance and, if necessary, obtaining legal advice. (Ref: Para. 26)

Communication

- A38. Communications with management and/or those charged with governance are made as soon as practicable, either orally or in writing. The auditor's decision whether to communicate orally or in writing ordinarily is affected by factors such as the nature, sensitivity and significance of the matter to be communicated and the timing of the communications. If the information is communicated orally, under paragraph 44 of this Auditing Standard, the auditor needs to document the communication. (Ref: Para. 28)
- A39. The determination of which level of management may also be informed is affected by the likelihood of collusion or the involvement of a member of management. (Ref: Para. 30)
- A40. As a result of performing a review of a financial report, the auditor may become aware of matters that in the opinion of the auditor are both important and relevant to those charged with governance in overseeing the financial reporting and disclosure process. (Ref: Para. 31)

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Reporting the Nature, Extent and Results of the Review of a Financial Report (Ref: Para. 32)

- A41. In some cases, law or regulation governing the review of a financial report may prescribe wording for the auditor's conclusion that is different from the wording described in paragraph 32(i). Although the auditor may be obliged to use the prescribed wording, the auditor's responsibilities as described in this Auditing Standard for coming to the conclusion remain the same.⁴ Illustrative review reports are set out in Appendices 3 and 4 to this Auditing Standard.

Departure from the Applicable Financial Reporting Framework

- A42. If matters have come to the auditor's attention that cause the auditor to believe that the financial report is or may be materially affected by a departure from the applicable financial reporting framework, and those charged with governance do not correct the financial report, under paragraph 33 of this Auditing Standard, the auditor needs to modify the review report. If the information that the auditor believes is necessary for adequate disclosure is not included in the financial report, under paragraph 33 of this Auditing Standard, the auditor needs to modify the review report and, if practicable, include the necessary information in the review report. Illustrative review reports with a qualified conclusion are set out in Appendix 4 to this Auditing Standard. (Ref: Para. 33)
- A43. Departures from the applicable financial reporting framework, as described in paragraphs 33 and 34 may result in an adverse conclusion. An illustrative review report with an adverse conclusion is set out in Appendix 4 to this Auditing Standard. (Ref: Para. 34)

Limitation on Scope (Ref: Para. 35)

- A44. Ordinarily a limitation on scope prevents the auditor from completing the review.

Limitation on Scope Imposed by Management

- A45. Under paragraph 36 of this Auditing Standard, the auditor needs to refuse to accept an engagement to review a financial report if the auditor's preliminary knowledge of the engagement circumstances indicates that the auditor would be unable to complete the review

⁴ Auditing Standard ASA 700 *Forming an Opinion and Reporting on a Financial Report*, contains information on the wording of reports that may be helpful.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

because there will be a limitation on the scope of the auditor's review imposed by management of the entity. (Ref: Para. 36)

- A46. If, after accepting the engagement, management imposes a limitation on the scope of the review, under paragraph 37 of this Auditing Standard, the auditor needs to request the removal of that limitation. If management refuses to do so, the auditor is unable to complete the review and express a conclusion. In such cases, under paragraph 37 of this Auditing Standard, the auditor needs to communicate, in writing, to the appropriate level of management and those charged with governance, the reason(s) why the review cannot be completed. Nevertheless, if a matter comes to the auditor's attention that causes the auditor to believe that a material adjustment to the financial report is necessary for it to be prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework, under paragraphs 27, 28 and 30 of this Auditing Standard, the auditor needs to communicate such matters to the appropriate level of management. (Ref: Para. 37)
- A47. Under paragraph 38 of this Auditing Standard, the auditor needs to consider the legal and regulatory responsibilities, including whether there is a legal requirement for the auditor to issue a report. If there is such a requirement, under paragraph 38 of this Auditing Standard, the auditor needs to disclaim a conclusion, and provide in the review report the reason why the review cannot be completed. However, if a matter comes to the auditor's attention that causes the auditor to believe that a material adjustment to the financial report is necessary for it to be prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework, under paragraph 39 of this Standard, the auditor needs to communicate such a matter in the report. (Ref: Para. 38)

Other Limitations on Scope not Imposed by Management (Ref: Para. 39)

- A48. A limitation on scope may occur due to circumstances other than a limitation on scope imposed by those charged with governance. In such circumstances, the auditor is ordinarily unable to complete the review and express a conclusion and is guided by paragraphs 38 and 39. There may be, however, some rare circumstances where the limitation on the scope of the auditor's work is clearly confined to one or more specific matters that, while material, are not in the auditor's judgement pervasive to the financial report. In such circumstances, under paragraph 39 of this Auditing Standard, the auditor needs to modify the review report by indicating that, except for the matter which is described in an explanatory paragraph to the

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

review report, the review was conducted in accordance with this Auditing Standard, and by qualifying the conclusion. Illustrative review reports with a qualified conclusion are set out in Appendix 4 to this Auditing Standard.

- A49. The auditor may have expressed a qualified opinion on the audit of the latest annual financial report because of a limitation on the scope of that audit. Under paragraph 39 of this Auditing Standard, the auditor needs to consider whether that limitation on scope still exists and, if so, the implications for the review report.

Going Concern and Significant Uncertainties (Ref: Para. 40-43)

- A50. In certain circumstances, an emphasis of matter paragraph may be added to a review report, without affecting the auditor's conclusion, to highlight a matter that is included in a note to the financial report that more extensively discusses the matter. The paragraph would preferably be included after the conclusion paragraph and ordinarily refers to the fact that the conclusion is not qualified in this respect.
- A51. The auditor may have modified a prior audit or review report by adding an emphasis of matter paragraph to highlight a material uncertainty relating to an event or condition that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern. If the material uncertainty still exists and adequate disclosure is made in the financial report, under paragraph 40 of this Auditing Standard, the auditor needs to modify the review report on the current financial report by adding a paragraph to highlight the continued material uncertainty.
- A52. If, as a result of enquiries or other review procedures, a material uncertainty relating to an event or condition comes to the auditor's attention that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, and adequate disclosure is made in the financial report, under paragraph 40 of this Auditing Standard, the auditor needs to modify the review report by adding an emphasis of matter paragraph.
- A53. Auditing Standard ASA 570 *Going Concern* (Revised and Redrafted), provides information that the auditor may find helpful in considering going concern in the context of the review engagement.
- A54. Ordinarily, a significant uncertainty in relation to any other matter, the resolution of which may materially affect the financial report,

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

would warrant an emphasis of matter paragraph in the auditor's review report.

Other Considerations

- A55. The terms of the engagement include agreement by those charged with governance that where any document containing a financial report indicates that the report has been reviewed by the entity's auditor, the review report will be also included in the document. If those charged with governance have not included the review report in the document, ordinarily the auditor considers seeking legal advice to assist in determining the appropriate course of action in the circumstances.
- A56. If the auditor has issued a modified review report and those charged with governance issue the financial report without including the modified review report in the document containing the financial report, ordinarily the auditor considers seeking legal advice to assist in determining the appropriate course of action in the circumstances, and the possibility of resigning from the appointment to audit the annual financial report.
- A57. A financial report consisting of a summarised financial report does not include all of the information that would be included in a general purpose financial report, but may rather present an explanation of the events and changes that are significant to an understanding of the changes in the financial position and performance of the entity since the annual reporting date. This is because it is presumed that the users of the financial report will have access to the latest audited financial report, such as is the case with listed entities. In other circumstances, ordinarily the auditor discusses with management the need for the financial report to include a statement that it is to be read in conjunction with the latest audited financial report. In the absence of such a statement, ordinarily the auditor considers whether, without a reference to the latest audited financial report, the financial report is misleading in the circumstances and the implications for the review report.

Considerations Specific to Public Sector Entities

- A58. Paragraph 12 requires that the auditor and the client agree on the terms of engagement. Paragraph A8 explains that an engagement letter helps to avoid misunderstandings regarding the nature of the engagement and, in particular, the objective and scope of the review, management's responsibilities, the extent of the auditor's

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

responsibilities, the assurance obtained, and the nature and form of the report. Law or regulation governing review engagements in the public sector ordinarily mandate the appointment of the auditor. Nevertheless, an engagement letter setting out the matters referred to in paragraph A8 may be useful to both the public sector auditor and the client. Public sector auditors, therefore, consider agreeing with the client the terms of a review engagement by way of an engagement letter.

- A59. In the public sector, the auditor's statutory audit obligation may extend to other work, such as a review of interim financial information. Where this is the case, the public sector auditor cannot avoid such an obligation and, consequently, may not be in a position not to accept (see paragraph A45) or to withdraw from a review engagement (see paragraphs 29(b) and A36). The public sector auditor also may not be in the position to resign from the appointment to audit the annual financial report (see paragraphs 29(c) and A56).
- A60. Paragraph 30 discusses the auditor's responsibility when a matter comes to the auditor's attention that causes the auditor to believe in the existence of fraud or non-compliance by the entity with laws and regulations. In the public sector, the auditor may be subject to statutory or other regulatory requirements to report such a matter to regulatory or other public authorities.

Documentation (Ref: Para. 44)

- A61. Under paragraph 44 of this Auditing Standard, the auditor needs to prepare documentation that enables an experienced auditor having no previous connection with the engagement to understand the nature, timing and extent of the enquiries made and analytical and other review procedures applied, information obtained, and any significant matters considered during the performance of the review, including the disposition of such matters.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Conformity with International Standards on Auditing

This Auditing Standard on Review Engagements conforms with International Standard on Review Engagements ISRE 2410 *Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity*, issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board (IAASB), an independent standard-setting board of the International Federation of Accountants (IFAC).

The underlying standard is extant ASRE 2410 *Review of Interim and Other Financial Reports Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity*. The underlying standard to extant ASRE 2410 is ISRE 2410 which has not been drafted in “clarity” format by the IAASB.

Following consultation with constituents in Australia in accordance with normal exposure draft processes, the AUASB has decided that:

- due to the nature of reviews of other historical financial information, a separate Standard is more appropriate than ASRE 2410 being adapted by the auditor for this purpose; and
- ASRE 2405 *Review of Historical Financial Information Other than a Financial Report*, as developed by the AUASB, will deal with reviews of other historical financial information.

Accordingly, ASRE 2410 is intended to conform, with the exceptions listed below, to ISRE 2410 to the extent that ISRE 2410 deals with the review of financial statements by the auditor of the entity.

Except as noted below, this ASRE conforms, to the extent described above, with International Standard ISRE 2410 *Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity* issued by the International Auditing and Assurance Standards Board of the International Federation of Accountants. The main differences between this ASRE and ISRE 2410 are:

1. This Auditing Standard contains the following mandatory requirements that are not contained in ISRE 2410:
 - This Auditing Standard applies to:
 - (a) a review, by the independent auditor of the entity, of a financial report for a half-year in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*; and

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

(b) a review, by the independent auditor of the entity, of a financial report, or a complete set of financial statements, comprising historical financial information, for any other purpose (paragraphs 1(a) and (b)).

- Where in rare and exceptional circumstances, factors outside the auditor's control prevent the auditor from complying with a relevant mandatory requirement, the auditor shall:
 - ◆ if possible, perform appropriate alternative procedures; and
 - ◆ document in the working papers:
 - the circumstances surrounding the inability to comply;
 - the reasons for the inability to comply; and
 - justification of how alternative procedures achieve the objectives of the mandatory requirement.

When the auditor is unable to perform appropriate alternative procedures, the auditor shall consider the implications for the auditor's review report (paragraph 7).

- The terms of the engagement are to be recorded in writing and forwarded to the entity. When the engagement is undertaken pursuant to legislation the minimum applicable terms are those contained in the legislation (paragraph 12).
- The auditor shall, prior to agreeing the terms of the engagement, determine whether the financial reporting framework is acceptable and obtain agreement from management that it acknowledges and understands its responsibility:
 - (a) for the preparation of the financial report;

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

- (b) for such internal controls as management deems necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement; and
- (c) to provide the auditor with:
 - access to information relevant to the preparation of the financial report;
 - additional information that the auditor may request for the purposes of the review engagement; and
 - unrestricted access to persons from whom the auditor determines it necessary to obtain evidence (paragraph 11).
- The auditor shall consider materiality when:
 - ◆ determining the nature, timing and extent of review procedures; and
 - ◆ evaluating the effect of misstatements (paragraph 15).
- When comparative information is included for the first time in a financial report, an auditor shall perform the same procedures on the comparative information as applied to the current period financial report (paragraph 21).
- If those charged with governance refuse to provide a written representation that the auditor considers necessary, this constitutes a limitation of the scope of the auditor's work and the auditor shall express a qualified conclusion or a disclaimer of conclusion (paragraph 24).
- When a matter comes to the auditor's attention that causes the auditor to believe in the existence of fraud or non-compliance by the entity with laws and regulations, the auditor shall consider the implications for the review (paragraph 30).
- When the auditor believes a material adjustment should be made to the financial report for it to be prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the applicable

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

financial reporting framework, the auditor shall include a basis for modification paragraph in the report, that describes the nature of the departure and, if practicable, state the effects on the financial report. If the effects or possible effects are incapable of being measured reliably, a statement to that effect and the reasons therefore shall be included in the basis for modification paragraph. The conclusion paragraph shall be headed ‘Qualified Conclusion’ or ‘Adverse Conclusion’ whichever is relevant (paragraph 33).

- When the effect of the departure is so material and pervasive to the financial report that the auditor concludes a qualified conclusion is not adequate to disclose the misleading or incomplete nature of the financial report, the auditor shall express an adverse conclusion (paragraph 34).
- Unless required by law or regulation, an auditor shall not accept an engagement to review a financial report when management has imposed a limitation on the scope of the auditor’s review (paragraph 36).
- If, after accepting the engagement, management imposes a limitation on the scope of the review, the auditor shall request management to remove the limitation. If management refuses the auditor’s request to remove the limitation, the auditor shall communicate, in writing, to the appropriate level of management and those charged with governance, the reasons why the review cannot be completed (paragraph 37).
- If management refuses the auditor’s request to remove a limitation that has been imposed on the scope of the review, but there is a legal or regulatory requirement for the auditor to issue a report, the auditor shall issue a disclaimer of conclusion or qualified conclusion report containing the reason(s) why the review cannot be completed (paragraph 38).
- When the auditor concludes that an unqualified conclusion cannot be expressed, the auditor shall express a qualified conclusion when in rare circumstances there is a limitation on the scope of an auditor’s work, that is confined to one or more specific matters that, while material, are not in the auditor’s judgement pervasive to the financial report. A qualified conclusion shall be expressed as being “except

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

for” the effects of the matter to which the qualification relates. The conclusion paragraph shall be headed “Qualified Conclusion” (paragraph 39).

2. ASRE 2405 *Review of Historical Financial Information Other than a Financial Report* applies, inter alia, to the review of financial statements that are prepared in accordance with a financial reporting framework that is not designed to achieve fair presentation. Accordingly, the following requirements in ISRE 2410, paragraph 43(e) and paragraph 43(j), are not contained in this Auditing Standard:

Paragraph 43(e)

‘In other circumstances, a statement that management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the interim financial information in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework’.

Paragraph 43(j)

‘In other circumstances, a conclusion as to whether anything has come to the auditor’s attention that causes the auditor to believe that the interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework (including a reference to the jurisdiction or country of origin of the financial reporting framework when the financial reporting framework used is not International Financial Reporting Standards).’

3. This Auditing Standard includes explanatory guidance not contained within ISRE 2410 on:
- Materiality (paragraphs A14 to A18); and
 - Comparatives (paragraphs A28 to A31).
4. This Auditing Standard provides illustrative examples that differ in form and content from those contained in ISRE 2410, namely:
- An engagement letter.
 - A written representation letter.
 - The auditor’s unmodified review reports.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

- The auditor's modified review reports.
5. This Auditing Standard provides illustrative detailed procedures that may be performed in an engagement to review a financial report that are not contained in ISRE 2410.

Compliance with this Auditing Standard on Review Engagements enables compliance with ISRE 2410 to the extent described above.

**Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)**

Appendix 1

(Ref: Para. A8)

**EXAMPLE OF AN ENGAGEMENT LETTER FOR A
REVIEW OF A FINANCIAL REPORT**

The following letter is not intended to be a standard letter. It is to be used as a guide only and will need to be adapted according to individual requirements and circumstances. This illustrative letter is written in the context of a half-year financial report under the *Corporations Act 2001*.

To [those charged with governance:⁵]

Scope

You have requested that we review the half-year financial report⁶ of [name of entity], which comprises the statement of financial position as at 31 December 20XX, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the six-month⁷ period ended on that date, and notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information and the directors' declaration. We are pleased to confirm our acceptance and our understanding of the terms and objectives of our engagement by means of this letter.

Our review will be conducted in accordance with Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410 *Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity*, issued by the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board, with the objective of providing us with a basis for reporting whether we have become aware of any matter [anything has come to our attention⁸] that makes [causes⁹] us [to⁹] believe that the half-year financial report is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with Accounting Standard AASB 134 *Interim Financial Reporting* and the *Corporations Act 2001* [indicate applicable financial reporting framework]. Such a review consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures and does not, ordinarily, require corroboration of the

⁵ Insert the appropriate term, such as "Directors' or 'Board of Management".

⁶ If the term "half-year financial report" is not appropriate, then this term should be changed to reflect the report being reviewed.

⁷ If the period being reviewed is other than six months, then this should be amended as appropriate.

⁸ Use in a review of an interim financial report prepared other than in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 1 (continued)

information obtained. The scope of a review of a financial report is substantially less than the scope of an audit conducted in accordance with Auditing Standards whose objective is the expression of an opinion regarding the financial report and accordingly, we shall express no such opinion. ASRE 2410 requires us to also comply with the ethical requirements relevant to the audit of the annual financial report of the entity.

We expect to report on the half-year financial report⁹ as follows:

[Include text of sample review report - see Appendix 3 or 4 as appropriate.]

The directors [those charged with governance¹⁰] of the [company/registered scheme/disclosing entity] are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such controls as the directors [those charged with governance] determine are necessary to enable the preparation of the half-year financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. As part of our review, we shall request written representations from management concerning assertions made in connection with the review. We shall also request that where any document containing the half-year financial report indicates that the half-year financial report has been reviewed, our review report will also be included in the document.

A review of the half-year financial report does not provide assurance that we shall become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Further, our engagement cannot be relied upon to disclose whether fraud or errors, or illegal acts exist. However, we shall inform you of any material matters that come to our attention.

Independence

We confirm that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, we currently meet the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001* in relation to the review of the half-year financial report. In conducting our review of the half-year financial report, should we become aware that we have contravened the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*, we shall notify you on a timely basis. As part of our review process, we shall also provide you with a written independence declaration as required by the *Corporations Act 2001*.

⁹ If the term “half-year financial report” is not appropriate, then this term should be changed to reflect the report being reviewed.

¹⁰ Insert the appropriate term, such as “Directors or Board of Management”.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 1 (continued)

The *Corporations Act 2001* includes specific restrictions on the employment relationships that can exist between the reviewed entity and its auditors. To assist us in meeting the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*, and to the extent permitted by law and regulation, we request you discuss with us:

- The provision of services offered to you by [insert firm name] prior to engaging or accepting the service; and
- The prospective employment opportunities of any current or former partner or professional employee of [insert firm name] prior to the commencement of formal employment discussions with the current or former partner or professional employee.

Presentation of the reviewed half-year financial report in electronic format

It is our understanding that [the entity] intends to publish a hard copy of the reviewed half-year financial report and the auditor's review report for members, and to electronically present the reviewed half-year financial report and the auditor's review report on its internet web site. When information is presented electronically on a web site, the security and controls over information on the web site should be addressed by [the entity] to maintain the integrity of the data presented. The examination of the controls over the electronic presentation of reviewed financial information on the entity's web site is beyond the scope of the review of the half-year financial report. Responsibility for the electronic presentation of the half-year financial report on the entity's web site is that of the [governing body of the entity].

Fees

[Insert additional information here regarding fee arrangements and billings, as appropriate.]

We look forward to full co-operation with your staff and we trust that they will make available to us whatever records, documentation and other information are requested in connection with our review.

[This letter will be effective for future years unless it is terminated, amended or superseded.¹¹]

¹¹ Use if applicable.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 1 (continued)

Please sign and return the attached copy of this letter to indicate that it is in accordance with your understanding of the arrangements for our review of the half-year financial report.

Yours faithfully,

(signed)

.....

Name and Title

Date

Acknowledged on behalf of [entity] by

(signed)

.....

Name and Title

Date

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 1 (continued)

EXAMPLE OF A REPRESENTATION LETTER

The following letter is not intended to be a standard letter. It is to be used as a guide only and will need to be adapted according to individual requirements and circumstances. This illustrative letter is written in the context of a half-year financial report under the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Representations by management will vary from one entity to another and from one period to the next. Representation letters are ordinarily useful where evidence, other than that obtained by enquiry, may not be reasonably expected to be available or when management have made oral representations which the auditor wishes to confirm in writing.

[Entity Letterhead]

[Addressee – Auditor]

[Date]

This representation letter is provided in connection with your review of the half-year¹² financial report¹³ of [name of entity] for the [period] ended [date], for the purpose of you expressing a conclusion as to whether you became aware of any matter in the course of the review that makes you believe that the half-year financial report is not in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*.

We acknowledge our responsibility for ensuring that the half-year financial report is in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001*, including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the [company/entity]’s financial position as at [date] and of its performance for the half-year ended on that date; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations) and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

¹² If the period being reviewed is other than six months, then this should be amended as appropriate.

¹³ If the term “half-year financial report” is not appropriate, then this term should be changed to reflect the type of report being reviewed.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 1 (continued)

We confirm that the half-year financial report is prepared and presented in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* and is free of material misstatements, including omissions.

OR

[This representation letter is provided in connection with your review of the financial report¹⁴ of [name of entity] for the [period] ended [date], for the purpose of you expressing a conclusion as to whether anything has come to your attention that causes you to believe that the financial report is not, in all material respects, presented fairly in accordance with [applicable financial reporting framework¹⁵].

We acknowledge our responsibility for ensuring that the financial report is in accordance with [applicable financial reporting framework].

We confirm that the financial report is prepared and presented fairly in accordance with [applicable financial reporting framework] and is free of material misstatements, including omissions].

We confirm, to the best of our knowledge and belief, the following representations made to you during your review.

[Include representations required by this Auditing Standard (paragraph 23) and those relevant to the entity. Such representations may include the following examples.]

1. We have made available to you:
 - (a) all financial records and related data, other information, explanations and assistance necessary for the conduct of the review; and
 - (b) minutes of all meetings of [shareholders, directors, committees of directors, Boards of Management].
2. We have disclosed to you the results of our assessment of the risk that the [financial report] may be materially misstated as a result of fraud.

¹⁴ If the term “interim financial report” is not appropriate, then this term should be changed to reflect the type of report being reviewed.

¹⁵ Specify the applicable financial reporting framework/requirements.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 1 (continued)

3. There:
 - (a) has been no fraud or suspected fraud, error or non-compliance with laws and regulations involving management or employees who have a significant role in the internal control structure;
 - (b) has been no fraud or suspected fraud, error or non-compliance with laws and regulations that could have a material effect on the financial report; and
 - (c) have been no communications from regulatory agencies concerning non-compliance with, or deficiencies in, financial reporting practices that could have a material effect on the financial report.
4. We are responsible for an adequate internal control structure to prevent and detect fraud and error and to facilitate the preparation of a reliable financial report, and adequate financial records have been maintained. There are no material transactions that have not been recorded properly in the accounting records underlying the financial report.
5. We have no plans or intentions that may affect materially the carrying values, or classification, of assets and liabilities.
6. We have considered the requirements of Accounting Standard AASB 136 *Impairment of Assets*, when assessing the impairment of assets and in ensuring that no assets are stated in excess of their recoverable amount.
7. We believe the effects of uncorrected misstatements summarised in the accompanying schedule are immaterial, both individually and in the aggregate, to the [half-year] financial report taken as a whole.
8. The following have been recorded and/or disclosed properly in the [half-year] financial report:
 - (a) related party transactions and related amounts receivable or payable, including sales, purchases, loans, transfers, leasing arrangements and guarantees (written or oral);
 - (b) share options, warrants, conversions or other requirements;

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 1 (continued)

- (c) arrangements involving restrictions on cash balances, compensating balances and line-of-credit or similar arrangements;
 - (d) agreements to repurchase assets previously sold;
 - (e) material liabilities or contingent liabilities or assets including those arising under derivative financial instruments;
 - (f) unasserted claims or assessments that our lawyer(s) has advised us are probable of assertion; and
 - (g) losses arising from the fulfilment of, or an inability to fulfil, any sale commitments or as a result of purchase commitments for inventory quantities in excess of normal requirements or at prices in excess of prevailing market prices.
9. There are no violations or possible violations of laws or regulations the effects of which should be considered for disclosure in the financial report or as a basis for recording an expense.
10. The entity has satisfactory title to all assets, and there are no liens or encumbrances on such assets that have not been disclosed nor has any asset been pledged as collateral. Allowances for depreciation have been adjusted for all important items of property, plant and equipment that have been abandoned or are otherwise unusable.
11. The entity has complied with all aspects of contractual agreements that would have a material effect on the financial report in the event of non-compliance.
12. There were no material commitments for construction or acquisition of property, plant and equipment or to acquire other non-current assets, such as investments or intangibles, other than those disclosed in the financial report.
13. We have no plans to abandon lines of product or other plans or intentions that will result in any excess or obsolete inventory, and no inventory is stated at an amount in excess of net realisable value.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 1 (continued)

14. No events have occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date through to the date of this letter that would require adjustment to, or disclosure in, the [financial report].

We understand that your examination was made in accordance with Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410 and was, therefore, designed primarily for the purpose of expressing a conclusion on the financial report of [the entity], and that your procedures were limited to those which you considered necessary for that purpose.

Yours faithfully

[Name of signing officer and title]

Notes:

[The above example representation letter may need to be amended in certain circumstances. The following illustrate some of those situations.]

(a) Exceptions

Where matters are disclosed in the financial report, the associated representation needs to be amended, for example:

- If a subsequent event has been disclosed, Item 14 (above) could be modified to read:

“Except as discussed in Note X to the financial report, no events have occurred
- If the entity has plans that impact the carrying values of assets and liabilities, Item 13 (above) could be modified to read:

“The entity has no plans or intentions that may materially affect the carrying value or classification of assets and liabilities, except for our plan to dispose of segment X, as disclosed in note Y in the in the financial report, which is discussed in the minutes of the meeting of the governing body¹⁶ held on [date]”.

¹⁶ Insert the appropriate term, such as “Directors or Board of Management”.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 1 (continued)

(b) Other Required Information

Certain entities may be required to include other information in the financial report, for example, performance indicators for government entities. In addition to identifying this information and the applicable financial reporting framework in paragraphs 1 and 2 of the example management representation letter, an additional paragraph similar to the following may be appropriate:

“The disclosures of key performance indicators have been prepared and presented in conformity with [relevant statutory requirements] and we consider the indicators reported to be relevant to the stated objectives of the [entity].”

(c) Management’s Opinions and Representation in the Notes to the Financial Statements

Where the notes to the financial statements include opinions and representations by management, such matters may be addressed in the representation letter. For example, notes relating to the anticipated outcome of litigation, the intent and ability to hold long-term securities to maturity and plans necessary to support the going concern basis.

(d) Environmental Matters

In situations where there are environmental matters that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources, this may be reflected in an addition to Item 9 (above), for example:

“However, the [entity] has received a notice from the Environmental Protection Agency that it may be required to share in the cost of cleanup of the [name] waste disposal site. This matter has been disclosed in Note A in the financial report and we believe that the disclosure and estimated contingent loss is reasonable based on available information.”

(e) Compliance

If, as part of the review, the auditor is required also to report on the entity’s compliance with laws and regulations, a representation may be appropriate acknowledging that management is responsible for

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 1 (continued)

the entity's compliance with applicable laws and regulations and that the requirements have been met. For example, for reviews under the *Corporations Act 2001*, the following paragraph may be added:

“The financial records of the [company, registered scheme or disclosing entity] have been kept so as to be sufficient to enable a financial report to be prepared and reviewed, and other records and registers required by the *Corporations Act 2001* have been kept properly and are up-to-date.”

(f) Other Matters

Additional representations that may be appropriate in specific situations may include the following:

- Justification for a change in accounting policy.
- The work of a management expert has been used.
- Arrangements for controlling the dissemination of the financial report and auditor's review report on the Internet.

Appendix 2

(Ref: Para. A20)

ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES THE AUDITOR MAY CONSIDER WHEN PERFORMING A REVIEW OF A FINANCIAL REPORT

The analytical procedures carried out in a review of a financial report are determined by the auditor's judgement. The procedures listed below are for illustrative purposes only. It is not intended that all the procedures suggested apply to every review engagement. This Appendix is not intended to serve as a program or checklist in the conduct of a review.

Examples of analytical procedures the auditor may consider when performing a review of a financial report include the following:

- Comparing the financial report with the financial report of the immediately preceding period, with the financial report of the corresponding period of the preceding financial year, with the financial report that was expected by management for the current period, and with the most recent audited annual financial report.
- Comparing the current financial report with anticipated results, such as budgets or forecasts. For example, comparing sources of revenue and the and the cost of sales in the current financial report with corresponding information in:
 - ◆ budgets, including expected gross margin(s); and
 - ◆ financial information for prior periods.
- Comparing the current financial report with relevant non-financial information.
- Comparing the recorded amounts, or ratios developed from recorded amounts, to expectations developed by the auditor. The auditor develops such expectations by identifying and applying relationships that reasonably are expected to exist based on the auditor's understanding of the entity and of the industry in which the entity operates.
- Comparing ratios and indicators for the current period with those of entities in the same industry.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 2 (continued)

- Comparing relationships among elements in the current financial report with corresponding relationships in the financial report of prior periods, for example, expense by type as a percentage of sales, assets by type as a percentage of total assets, and percentage of change in sales to percentage of change in receivables.
- Comparing disaggregated data. The following are examples of how data may be disaggregated:
 - ◆ by period, for example, revenue or expense items disaggregated into quarterly, monthly, or weekly amounts;
 - ◆ by product line or source of revenue;
 - ◆ by location, for example by component;
 - ◆ by attributes of the transaction, for example, revenue generated by designers, architects, or craftsmen; and
 - ◆ by several attributes of the transaction, for example, sales by product and month.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 2 (continued)

**ILLUSTRATIVE DETAILED PROCEDURES THAT MAY
BE PERFORMED IN AN ENGAGEMENT TO REVIEW A
FINANCIAL REPORT**

The enquiry, analytical and other procedures carried out in a review of a financial report are determined by the auditor exercising professional judgement in light of the auditor's assessment of the risk of material misstatement. The procedures listed below are for illustrative purposes only. It is not intended that all the procedures suggested apply to every review engagement. This Appendix is not intended to serve as a program or checklist in the conduct of a review.

General

1. Confirm that the engagement team complies with relevant independence and ethical requirements.
2. Prepare and send an engagement letter to the entity.
3. Discuss the terms and scope of the engagement with the engagement team.
4. Obtain or update knowledge and understanding of the business, the key internal and external changes (including laws and regulations), and their effect on the scope of the review, materiality and risk assessment. This can be performed through the following:
 - (a) Ascertaining whether there have been any significant changes to the nature and scope of operations.
 - (b) Considering the results and effects of previous audits and review engagements.
 - (c) Enquiring of persons responsible for financial reporting in respect of matters that impact on the reliability of the underlying accounting records. For example, considering fraud risk, material weaknesses in internal controls and any significant changes to internal control policies and procedures
 - (d) Considering the results of any internal audits performed and the subsequent actions taken by management.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 2 (continued)

- (e) Considering whether additional procedures will be required on any significant accounts where internal controls relating to significant processes have been historically unreliable in detecting and preventing errors in the financial report.

Assess the relevance and impact of the results of the above procedures on the current period.

- 5. Determine materiality, exercising professional judgement, considering both qualitative and quantitative factors.
- 6. Enquire of persons responsible for financial reporting about the following:
 - (a) Accounting policies adopted and consider whether:
 - (i) they comply with the applicable financial reporting framework;
 - (ii) they have been applied appropriately; and
 - (iii) they have been applied consistently and, if not, consider whether disclosure has been made of any changes in the accounting policies.
 - (b) Policies and procedures used to assess asset impairment and any consequential estimation of recoverable amount.
 - (c) The policies and procedures to determine the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities.
 - (d) New, unusual or complex situations that may have affected the financial report such as a business combination or disposal of a segment of the business. Consider adequacy of additional note disclosures in the interim financial report.
 - (e) Plans to dispose of major assets or business segments.
 - (f) Material off-balance sheet transactions, special purpose entities and other equity investments and related accounting treatment and disclosure.
 - (g) Knowledge of any allegations of fraud, or suspected fraud.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 2 (continued)

- (h) Knowledge of any actual or possible significant non-compliance with laws and regulations.
 - (i) Compliance with debt covenants.
 - (j) Material or unusual related party transactions.
 - (k) New or significant changes in commitments, contractual obligations.
7. Obtain and read the minutes of meetings of shareholders, those charged with governance and other appropriate committees to identify matters that may affect the financial report, and enquire about matters dealt with at meetings for which minutes are not yet available that may affect the financial report.
8. Enquire if actions taken at meetings of shareholders or those charged with governance that affect the financial report have been appropriately reflected therein.
9. Ensure the financial report is agreed to the trial balance and is fairly presented including additional disclosure notes. If applicable, enquire as to whether all intercompany balances have been eliminated.
10. Review other information included in the financial report and document findings. Discuss any material misstatements of fact with the entity's management.

Cash

11. Obtain the bank reconciliations. Enquire about any old or unusual reconciling items with client personnel to assess reasonableness.
12. Enquire about transfers between cash accounts for the period before and after the review date.
13. Enquire whether there are any restrictions on cash accounts.

Revenue and Receivables

14. Enquire about the accounting policies for recognising sales revenue and trade receivables and determine whether they have been consistently and appropriately applied.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 2 (continued)

15. Obtain a schedule of receivables and determine whether the total agrees with the trial balance.
16. Obtain and consider explanations of significant variations in account balances from previous periods or from those anticipated.
17. Obtain an aged analysis of the trade receivables. Enquire about the reason for unusually large accounts, credit balances on accounts or any other unusual balances and enquire about the collectibility of receivables.
18. Consider, with management, the classification of receivables, including non-current balances, net credit balances and amounts due from shareholders, those charged with governance and other related parties in the financial report.
19. Enquire about the method for identifying “slow payment” accounts and setting allowances for doubtful accounts and consider it for reasonableness.
20. Enquire whether receivables have been pledged, factored or discounted and determine whether they have been properly accounted for.
21. Enquire about procedures applied to ensure that a proper cut-off of sales transactions and sales returns has been achieved.
22. Enquire whether accounts represent goods shipped on consignment and, if so, whether adjustments have been made to reverse these transactions and include the goods in inventory.
23. Enquire whether any large credits relating to recorded income have been issued after the balance sheet reporting date and whether provision has been made for such amounts. Consider the reasonableness of any provisions.

Inventories

24. Obtain the inventory list and determine whether:
 - (a) the total agrees with the balance in the trial balance; and
 - (b) the list is based on a physical count of inventory.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 2 (continued)

25. Enquire about the method for counting inventory.
26. Where a physical count was not carried out on the balance sheet date, enquire whether:
 - (a) a perpetual inventory system is used and whether periodic comparisons are made with actual quantities on hand; and
 - (b) an integrated cost system is used and whether it has produced reliable information in the past.
27. Consider adjustments made resulting from the last physical inventory count.
28. Enquire about procedures applied to control cut-off and any inventory movements.
29. Enquire about the basis used in valuing each inventory classification and, in particular, regarding the elimination of inter-branch profits. Enquire whether inventory is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value (or lower of cost and replacement cost for not-for-profit organisations).
30. Consider the consistency with which inventory valuation methods have been applied, including factors such as material, labour and overhead.
31. Compare amounts of major inventory categories with those of prior periods and with those anticipated for the current period. Enquire about major fluctuations and differences.
32. Compare inventory turnover with that in previous periods.
33. Enquire about the method used for identifying slow moving and obsolete inventory and whether such inventory has been accounted for at net realisable value.
34. Enquire whether any inventory has been consigned to the entity and, if so, whether adjustments have been made to exclude such goods from inventory.
35. Enquire whether any inventory is pledged, stored at other locations or on consignment to others and consider whether such transactions have been accounted for appropriately.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 2 (continued)

Investments (Including Associated Entities and Financial Instruments)

36. Obtain a schedule of the investments at the balance sheet reporting date and determine whether it agrees with the trial balance.
37. Enquire whether the accounting policy applied to investments is consistent with prior periods.
38. Enquire from management about the carrying values of investments. Consider whether there are any realisation problems.
39. Enquire whether there are any new investments, including business combinations. Consider classification, measurement and disclosure in respect of material or significant acquisitions.
40. Consider whether gains and losses and investment income have been properly accounted for.
41. Enquire about the classification of long-term and short-term investments.

Property Plant and Equipment and Depreciation

42. Obtain a schedule of the property, plant and equipment indicating the cost and accumulated depreciation and determine whether it agrees with the trial balance.
43. Enquire about the accounting policy applied regarding residual values, provisions to allocate the cost of property plant and equipment over their estimated useful lives using the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits and distinguishing between capital and maintenance items. Consider whether there are any indicators of impairment and whether the property, plant and equipment have suffered a material, permanent impairment in value.
44. Discuss with management the additions and deletions to property, plant and equipment accounts and accounting for gains and losses on disposals or de-recognition. Enquire whether all such transactions have been properly accounted for.
45. Enquire about the consistency with which the depreciation method and rates have been applied and compare depreciation provisions with prior years.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 2 (continued)

46. Enquire whether there are any restrictions on the property, plant and equipment.
47. Enquire whether lease agreements have been properly reflected in the financial report in conformity with current accounting pronouncements.

Prepaid Expenses, Intangibles and Other Assets

48. Obtain schedules identifying the nature of these accounts and determine whether they agree with the trial balance. Discuss recoverability thereof with management.
49. Enquire whether management have updated their impairment calculations in respect of goodwill or other intangibles. Consider whether there have been any indicators of impairment for intangibles and enquire whether management have appropriately considered discount rates, growth rates, etc.
50. Enquire about the basis for recording these accounts and the amortisation methods used.
51. Compare balances of related expense accounts with those of prior periods and obtain explanations for significant variations with management.
52. Discuss the classification between current and non-current accounts with management.

Investment Property

53. Obtain a schedule of investment property and determine whether it agrees with the trial balance.
54. Enquire whether the accounting policy applied to investment property is consistent with prior periods.
55. Update with management the acquisitions and disposals to investment property and accounting for gains and losses on disposals or de-recognition. Determine whether all significant transactions have been accounted for appropriately.
56. Consider whether there are any indicators of impairment and whether any investment property was subject to recent valuations.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 2 (continued)

Loans Payable

57. Obtain from management a schedule of loans payable and determine whether the total agrees with the trial balance.
58. Enquire whether there are any loans where there has been a change to the terms and conditions or management has not complied with the provisions of the loan agreement, including any debt covenants. Assess whether loans have been appropriately classified as current or non-current in the financial report.
59. Where material, consider the reasonableness of interest expense in relation to loan balances.
60. Enquire whether loans payable are secured. Review loan and working capital facilities. Enquire if options to extend terms have been exercised or if any debt requires refinancing.

Trade Payables

61. Enquire about the accounting policies for initially recording trade payables and whether the entity is entitled to any allowances given on such transactions.
62. Obtain and consider explanations of significant variations in account balances from previous periods or from those anticipated.
63. Obtain a schedule of trade payables and determine whether the total agrees with the trial balance.
64. Enquire whether balances are reconciled with the creditors' statements and compare with prior period balances. Compare turnover with prior periods.
65. Consider whether there could be material unrecorded liabilities.
66. Enquire whether payables to shareholders, those charged with governance and other related parties are separately disclosed.

Other Liabilities and Contingent Liabilities

67. Obtain a schedule of the other liabilities and determine whether the total agrees with the trial balance.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 2 (continued)

68. Compare major balances of related expense accounts with similar accounts for prior periods.
69. Enquire about approvals for such other liabilities, terms of payment, compliance with terms, collateral and classification.
70. Enquire about other liabilities to assess whether the methodology and assumptions adopted are consistent with prior periods. Enquire whether there are any unusual trends and developments affecting accounting estimates.
71. Enquire as to the nature of amounts included in contingent liabilities and commitments.
72. Enquire whether any actual or contingent liabilities exist which have not been recognised in the accounts. If so, enquire with management and/or those charged with governance whether provisions need to be made in the accounts or whether disclosure should be made in the notes to the financial report.

Income and Other Taxes

73. Enquire from management if there were any events, including disputes with taxation authorities, which could have a significant effect on the taxes payable by the entity. Examine correspondence in relation to any significant matters arising and assess whether events have been reflected appropriately in the financial report.
74. Consider the tax expense in relation to the entity's income for the period.
75. Enquire from management as to the adequacy of the recognised deferred and current tax assets and/or liabilities including provisions in respect of prior periods.

Financial Instruments

76. Enquire or update knowledge and understanding with persons responsible for financial reporting (including any treasury specialist), of what derivatives are in place and what accounting policies are applied to these derivatives and whether they have been consistently applied.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 2 (continued)

- 77. Enquire whether any hedges have been entered into for speculative purposes.
- 78. Enquire whether there are adequate policies and procedures to determine the fair value of financial assets and financial liabilities.
- 79. Enquire whether there are any sales and transfers that may call into question the classification of investments in securities, including management's intent and ability with respect to the remaining securities classified as held to maturity.

Employee Share Plans

- 80. Enquire about any new employee share plans or changes to existing plans, and where employee share plans are material, assess whether the accounting methodology has been consistently applied.

Subsequent Events

- 81. Obtain from management the latest financial report and compare it with the financial report being reviewed or with those for comparable periods from the preceding year.
- 82. Enquire about events after the balance sheet reporting date that would have a material effect on the financial report under review and, in particular, enquire whether:
 - (a) any substantial commitments or uncertainties have arisen subsequent to the balance sheet date;
 - (b) any significant changes in the share capital, long-term debt or working capital have occurred up to the date of enquiry; and
 - (c) any unusual adjustments have been made during the period between the balance sheet reporting date and the date of enquiry.

Consider the need for adjustments or disclosure in the financial report.
- 83. Obtain and read the minutes of meetings of shareholders, those charged with governance and appropriate committees subsequent to

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 2 (continued)

the balance sheet date and consider any impact of the financial report and disclosures.

Litigation

84. Enquire from persons responsible for financial reporting, and where appropriate in-house litigation specialists, whether the entity is the subject of any legal actions - threatened, pending or in process. Consider the effect thereof on the financial report and any provision for loss.

Equity

85. Obtain and consider a schedule of the transactions in the equity accounts, including new issues, retirements and dividends. Consider whether there are any unusual terms for new issues of debt or equity which could affect classification.
86. Enquire whether there are any restrictions on retained earnings or other equity accounts.

Operations

87. Compare results with those of prior periods and those expected for the current period. Obtain explanations of significant variations with management.
88. Enquire whether the recognition of major revenue and expenses have taken place in the appropriate periods.
89. Enquire whether the policies and procedures related to revenue recognition, including accrued income, have been consistently applied and whether there are any new or complex changes, including any changes in major contracts with customers or suppliers.
90. Consider and update with management the relationship between related items in the revenue account and assess the reasonableness thereof in the context of similar relationships for prior periods and other information available to the auditor.
91. Discuss the policy in respect of capitalisation of interest and whether it is in accordance with the Accounting Standards.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 2 (continued)

Going Concern Assessment

92. Consider the going concern assumption. When events or conditions come to attention which cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, perform additional procedures to assess the impact on the financial report and review report. Additional procedures may include:
- Discussion with those charged with governance to understand the events and circumstances that have contributed to the current situation to determine whether the risk arising can be mitigated.
 - Plans for future actions, such as plans or intentions to liquidate assets, borrow money or restructure debt, reduce or delay expenditures, or increase capital.
 - Feasibility of the plans and whether those charged with governance believe that the outcome of these plans will improve the situation.
93. Consider the adequacy of disclosure about such matters in the financial report.

Evaluation of Misstatements

94. Ensure significant review differences have been summarised and their effect evaluated.
95. Ensure material adjustments identified are notified to management/ those charged with governance (as appropriate).

Written Representations

96. Obtain written representation from the directors/management/those charged with governance (as appropriate) to confirm matters arising during the course of the review engagement.

Documentation

97. Ensure that review documentation is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for the conclusion and to provide evidence of compliance with ASRE 2410.

Appendix 3

(Ref: Para. A41)

AN AUDITOR’S REVIEW REPORT UNDER THE *CORPORATIONS ACT 2001* FINANCIAL REPORT FOR A HALF-YEAR

Introduction

1. This Appendix has been prepared to assist an auditor, engaged to undertake a review engagement, by providing an example of an auditor’s review report on a review of a financial report for a half-year prepared in accordance with Part 2M.3 of the *Corporations Act 2001* (“The Act”). The example reflects both requirements of this Auditing Standard and the Act, but is not intended to require standard wording for the circumstances of particular modifications.
2. This Appendix contains limited extracts from the Act and the Australian Accounting Standards in order to provide a context for the example report included in this Appendix. These selected extracts are included in this Appendix only for the purpose stated and accordingly are not intended to be an exhaustive summary of an auditor’s obligations and requirements which are found elsewhere in this Auditing Standard, the Act, the Australian Accounting Standards and other relevant mandates.
3. This Appendix:
 - Includes selected extracts from the Act and Australian Accounting Standards, and references to other relevant information, to provide a contextual framework; and
 - Provides an example of a review report.

Contextual Framework

Corporations Act 2001

The following selected extracts from the Act are included in this Appendix only to point to some of the important requirements of the Act that affect auditors engaged to undertake a review engagement in accordance with the Act.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 3 (continued)

4. Section 302 states:
- “A disclosing entity¹⁷ must:
- (a) prepare a financial report and directors’ report for each half-year; and
 - (b) have the financial report audited or reviewed in accordance with Division 3 and obtain an auditor’s report; and
 - (c) lodge the financial report, the director’s report and the auditor’s report on the financial report with ASIC;
- unless the entity is not a disclosing entity when lodgement is due”.
5. Section 303(1) states:
- “The financial report for a half-year consists of:
- (a) the financial statements for the half-year;
 - (b) the notes to the financial statements; and
 - (c) the directors’ declaration about the statements and notes”.
6. Section 304 states:
- “The financial report for a half-year must comply with the accounting standards and any further requirements in the regulations”.
7. Section 305 states:
- “The financial statements and notes for a half-year must give a true and fair view of:
- (a) the financial position and performance of the disclosing entity; or

¹⁷ The definition of a ‘disclosing entity’ is found in Part 1.2A, Division 2, section 111AC of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 3 (continued)

- (b) if consolidated financial statements are required the financial position and performance of the consolidated entity.

This section does not affect the obligation under section 304 for financial reports to comply with accounting standards.

Note: If the financial statements prepared in compliance with the accounting standards would not give a true and fair view, additional information must be included in the notes to the financial statements under paragraph 303(3)(c)".

8. Section 309(4) states:

"An auditor who reviews the financial report for a half-year must report to members on whether the auditor became aware of any matter in the course of the review that makes the auditor believe the financial report does not comply with Division 2".

9. Section 309(5) states:

"A report under subsection (4) must:

- (a) Describe any matter referred to in subsection (4); and
- (b) Say why that matter makes the auditor believe that the financial report does not comply with Division 2".

10. Section 309(5A) states:

"The auditor's report must include any statements or disclosures required by the auditing standards".

11. Section 320 states:

"A disclosing entity that has to prepare or obtain a report for a half-year under Division 2 must lodge the report with ASIC within 75 days after the end of the half-year".

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 3 (continued)

Other Information – ASIC and ASX

12. An auditor, in the role of auditor, is required by section 311 of the Act to notify ASIC if the auditor is aware of certain circumstances. ASIC Regulatory Guide 34 *Auditors' Obligations: Reporting to ASIC*, provides guidance to help auditors comply with their obligations under section 311 of the Act.
13. ASIC and the ASX have agreed that listed entities can satisfy the requirements of the Act by lodging the half-year financial report, the directors' report, and the review report on the financial report with the ASX. Details are provided in ASIC Regulatory Guide 28 *Relief from Dual Lodgement of Financial Reports* and *Class Order 98/104* (as amended by Class Orders 99/90 and 99/837).

Australian Accounting Standards

14. Minimum Components of an Interim Financial Report - AASB 134 *Interim Financial Reporting*, paragraph 8:

An interim financial report shall include, at a minimum, the following components:
 - (a) a condensed statement of financial position;
 - (b) a condensed statement of comprehensive income;
 - (c) a condensed statement of changes in equity showing either:
 - (i) all changes in equity; or
 - (ii) changes in equity other than those arising from capital transactions with owners and distributions to owners;
 - (d) a condensed statement of cash flows; and
 - (e) selected explanatory notes.
15. Form and Content of Interim Financial Reports - AASB 134 paragraph 9 states:

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 3 (continued)

“If an entity publishes a complete financial report as its interim financial report, the form and content of that report shall conform to the requirements of AASB 101 for a financial report”.

16. Form and Content of Interim Financial Reports - AASB 134 paragraph 10 states:

“If an entity publishes a condensed financial report as its interim financial report, that condensed report shall include, at a minimum, each of the headings and subtotals that were included in its most recent annual financial report and the selected explanatory notes as required by this Standard. Additional line items or notes shall be included if their omission would make the condensed interim financial report misleading”.

17. Materiality - AASB 134 paragraph 23 states:

“In deciding how to recognise, measure, classify, or disclose an item for interim financial reporting purposes, materiality shall be assessed in relation to the interim period financial data. In making assessments of materiality, it shall be recognised that interim measurements may rely on estimates to a greater extent than measurements of annual financial data”.

**Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
*Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)***

Appendix 3 (continued)

**EXAMPLE OF AN UNMODIFIED AUDITOR'S REVIEW
REPORT ON A HALF-YEAR FINANCIAL REPORT –
SINGLE DISCLOSING ENTITY**

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

To the members of [name of entity]

Report on the Half-Year Financial Report

We have reviewed the accompanying half-year financial report of [name of entity], which comprises the condensed statement of financial position as at 31 December 20XX, and the condensed statement of comprehensive income, condensed statement of changes in equity and condensed statement of cash flows for the half-year ended on that date, and notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies [statement or description of accounting policies¹⁸] and other explanatory information and the directors' declaration.¹⁹

Directors' Responsibility for the Half-Year Financial Report

The directors of the [company/registered scheme/disclosing entity] are responsible for the preparation of the half-year financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the *Corporations Act 2001* and for such controls as the directors [those charged with governance] determine are necessary to enable the preparation of the half-year financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the half-year financial report based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410 *Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity*, in order to state whether, on the basis of the procedures described, we have become aware of any matter that makes us believe that the financial report is not in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* including: giving a true and fair view of the [company/registered scheme/disclosing entity]'s financial position as at

¹⁸ Insert relevant statement or description of accounting policies as required by AASB 134.

¹⁹ When the auditor is aware that the half-year financial report will be included in a document that contains other information, the auditor may consider, if the form of presentation allows, identifying the page numbers on which the audited half-year financial report is presented.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 3 (continued)

31 December 20XX and its performance for the half-year ended on that date; and complying with Accounting Standard AASB 134 *Interim Financial Reporting* and the *Corporations Regulations 2001*. As the auditor of [name of entity], ASRE 2410 requires that we comply with the ethical requirements relevant to the audit of the annual financial report.

A review of a half-year financial report consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Independence

In conducting our review, we have complied with the independence requirements of the *Corporations Act 2001*.

Conclusion

Based on our review, which is not an audit, we have not become aware of any matter that makes us believe that the half-year financial report of [name of company/registered scheme/disclosing entity] is not in accordance with the *Corporations Act 2001* including:

- (a) giving a true and fair view of the [company/registered scheme/disclosing entity]'s financial position as at 31 December 20XX and of its performance for the half-year ended on that date; and
- (b) complying with Accounting Standard AASB 134 *Interim Financial Reporting* and *Corporations Regulations 2001*.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

[Form and content of this section of the auditor's review report will vary depending on the nature of the auditor's other reporting responsibilities].

[Auditor's signature²⁰]

²⁰ The auditor's review report is required to be signed in one or more of the name of the audit firm, the name of the audit company or the personal name of the auditor as appropriate.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 3 (continued)

[Date of the auditor's review report]

[Auditor's address]

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 4

(Ref: Para. A41)

EXAMPLE OF AN UNMODIFIED AUDITOR'S REVIEW
REPORT ON A FINANCIAL REPORT

FINANCIAL REPORT PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH A
FINANCIAL REPORTING FRAMEWORK DESIGNED TO
ACHIEVE FAIR PRESENTATION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

To [appropriate addressee]

Report on the [appropriate title for the financial report] Financial
Report

We have reviewed the accompanying [period] financial report of [name of entity], which comprises the balance sheet as at [date], and the income statement, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the [period] ended on that date, a [statement or description of accounting policies²¹], other selected explanatory notes [and the declaration of those charged with governance²²].^{23, 24}

[Title of those charged with governance] Responsibility for the [period]
Financial Report

The [title of those charged with governance] of the [type of entity] are responsible for the preparation of the [period] financial report in accordance with the [applicable financial reporting framework] and for such controls as the directors [those charged with governance] determine are necessary to enable the preparation of the [period] financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

²¹ Insert relevant statement or description of accounting policies.

²² Amend this term to reflect the appropriate title for those charged with governance.

²³ When the auditor is aware that the interim financial report will be included in a document that contains other information, the auditor may consider, if the form of presentation allows, identifying the page numbers on which the reviewed interim financial report is presented.

²⁴ The auditor may wish to specify the regulatory authority or equivalent with whom the interim financial report is filed.

**Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
*Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)***

Appendix 4 (continued)

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the [period] financial report based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410 *Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity*, in order to state whether, on the basis of the procedures described, anything has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial report is not presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with the [applicable financial reporting framework]. As the auditor of [name of entity], ASRE 2410 requires that we comply with the ethical requirements relevant to the audit of the annual financial report.

A review of a [period] financial report consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

[Independence

In conducting our review, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Australian professional accounting bodies²⁵].

Conclusion

Based on our review, which is not an audit, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the [period] financial report of [name of entity] does not present fairly, in all material respects, [or “give a true and fair view of²⁶”] the financial position of the [entity] as at [date], and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the [period] ended on that date, in accordance with [applicable financial reporting framework].

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

[Form and content of this section of the auditor's review report will vary depending on the nature of the auditor's other reporting responsibilities.]

²⁵ Use when appropriate.

²⁶ Auditing Standard ASA 700 *The Auditor's Report on a General Purpose Financial Report*, contains information on the wording of reports that may be helpful.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 4 (continued)

[Auditor's signature²⁷]

[Date of the auditor's review report]

[Auditor's address]

²⁷ The auditor's review report is required to be signed in one or more of the name of the audit firm, the name of the audit company or the personal name of the auditor as appropriate.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 4 (continued)

EXAMPLE OF AN AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT
WITH A QUALIFIED CONCLUSION (EXCEPT FOR)
FOR A DEPARTURE FROM THE APPLICABLE
FINANCIAL REPORTING FRAMEWORK

FINANCIAL REPORT PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH A
FINANCIAL REPORTING FRAMEWORK DESIGNED TO
ACHIEVE FAIR PRESENTATION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

To [appropriate addressee]

Report on the [appropriate title for the financial report] Financial
Report

We have reviewed the accompanying [period] financial report of [name of entity], which comprises the balance sheet as at [date], and the income statement, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the [period] ended on that date, a [statement or description of accounting policies,²⁸] other selected explanatory notes [and the declaration of those charged with governance²⁹].³⁰,³¹

[Title of those charged with governance] Responsibility for the [period]
Financial Report

The [title of those charged with governance] of the [type of entity] are responsible for the preparation of the [period] financial report in accordance with the [applicable financial reporting framework] and for such controls as the directors [those charged with governance] determine are necessary to enable the preparation of the [period] financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

²⁸ Insert relevant statement or description of accounting policies.

²⁹ Amend this term to reflect the appropriate title for those charged with governance.

³⁰ When the auditor is aware that the interim financial report will be included in a document that contains other information, the auditor may consider, if the form of presentation allows, identifying the page numbers on which the reviewed interim financial report is presented.

³¹ The auditor may wish to specify the regulatory authority or equivalent with whom the interim financial report is filed.

**Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
*Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)***

Appendix 4 (continued)

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the [period] financial report based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410 *Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity*, in order to state whether, on the basis of the procedures described, anything has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial report is not presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with the [applicable financial reporting framework]. As the auditor of [name of entity], ASRE 2410 requires that we comply with the ethical requirements relevant to the audit of the annual financial report.

A review of a [period] financial report consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

[Independence]

In conducting our review, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Australian professional accounting bodies³²].

Basis for Qualified Conclusion

Based on information provided to us by management, ABC Entity has excluded from property and long-term debt certain lease obligations that we believe should be capitalised to conform with [indicate applicable financial reporting framework]. This information indicates that if these lease obligations were capitalised at 31 December 20XX, property would be increased by \$ _____, long-term debt by \$ _____, and net income and earnings per share would be increased (decreased) by \$ _____ and \$ _____ respectively for the [period] ended on that date.

Qualified Conclusion

Based on our review, which is not an audit, with the exception of the matter described in the preceding paragraph, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the [period] financial report of [name of entity] does

³² Use when appropriate.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 4 (continued)

not present fairly, in all material respects, [or “give a true and fair view of”³³] the financial position of the [entity] as at [date], and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the [period] period ended on that date, in accordance with [applicable financial reporting framework].

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

[Form and content of this section of the auditor’s review report will vary depending on the nature of the auditor’s other reporting responsibilities].

[Auditor’s signature³⁴]

[Date of the auditor’s review report]

[Auditor’s address]

³³ Auditing Standard AUS 700 *The Auditor’s Report on a General Purpose Financial Report*, contains information on the wording of reports that may be helpful.

³⁴ The auditor’s review report is required to be signed in one or more of the name of the audit firm, the name of the audit company or the personal name of the auditor as appropriate.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 4 (continued)

EXAMPLE OF AN AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT
WITH A QUALIFIED CONCLUSION FOR A
LIMITATION ON SCOPE NOT IMPOSED BY
MANAGEMENT

FINANCIAL REPORT PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH A
FINANCIAL REPORTING FRAMEWORK DESIGNED TO
ACHIEVE FAIR PRESENTATION

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

To [appropriate addressee]

Report on the [appropriate title for the financial report] Financial
Report

We have reviewed the accompanying [period] financial report of [name of entity], which comprises the balance sheet as at [date], and the income statement, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the [period] ended on that date, a [statement or description of accounting policies³⁵], other selected explanatory notes [and the declaration of those charged with governance³⁶].^{37, 38}

[Title of those charged with governance] Responsibility for the [period]
Financial Report

The [title of those charged with governance] of the [type of entity] are responsible for the preparation of the [period] financial report in accordance with the [applicable financial reporting framework] and for such controls as the directors [those charged with governance] determine are necessary to enable the preparation of the [period] financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

³⁵ Insert relevant statement or description of accounting policies.

³⁶ Amend this term to reflect the appropriate title for those charged with governance.

³⁷ When the auditor is aware that the interim financial report will be included in a document that contains other information, the auditor may consider, if the form of presentation allows, identifying the page numbers on which the reviewed interim financial report is presented.

³⁸ The auditor may wish to specify the regulatory authority or equivalent with whom the interim financial report is filed.

**Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
*Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)***

Appendix 4 (continued)

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the [period] financial report based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410 *Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity*, in order to state whether, on the basis of the procedures described, anything has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial report is not presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with the [applicable financial reporting framework]. As the auditor of [name of entity], ASRE 2410 requires that we comply with the ethical requirements relevant to the audit of the annual financial report.

A review of a [period] financial report consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

[Independence]

In conducting our review, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Australian professional accounting bodies³⁹].

Basis for Qualified Conclusion

As a result of a fire in a branch office on [date] that destroyed its accounts receivable records, we were unable to complete our review of accounts receivable totalling \$_____ included in the [period] financial report. The [entity] is in the process of reconstructing these records and is uncertain as to whether these records will support the amount shown above and the related allowance for uncollectible accounts. Had we been able to complete our review of accounts receivable, matters might have come to our attention indicating that adjustments might be necessary to the [period] financial report.

Qualified Conclusion

Except for the adjustments to the [period] financial report that we might have become aware of had it not been for the situation described above, based on

³⁹ Use when appropriate.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 4 (continued)

our review, which is not an audit, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the [period] financial report of [name of entity] does not present fairly, in all material respects, [or “give a true and fair view of⁴⁰”] the financial position of the [entity] as at [date], and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the [period] period ended on that date, in accordance with [applicable financial reporting framework].

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

[Form and content of this section of the auditor’s review report will vary depending on the nature of the auditor’s other reporting responsibilities.]

[Auditor’s signature⁴¹]

[Date of the auditor’s review report]

[Auditor’s address]

⁴⁰ Auditing Standard ASA 700 *The Auditor’s Report on a General Purpose Financial Report*, contains information on the wording of reports that may be helpful.

⁴¹ The auditor’s review report is required to be signed in one or more of the name of the audit firm, the name of the audit company or the personal name of the auditor as appropriate.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 4 (continued)

**EXAMPLE OF AN AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT
WITH AN ADVERSE CONCLUSION FOR A
DEPARTURE FROM THE APPLICABLE FINANCIAL
REPORTING FRAMEWORK**

**FINANCIAL REPORT PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE WITH A
FINANCIAL REPORTING FRAMEWORK DESIGNED TO
ACHIEVE FAIR PRESENTATION**

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

To [appropriate addressee]

**Report on the [appropriate title for the financial report] Financial
Report**

We have reviewed the accompanying [period] financial report of [name of entity], which comprises the balance sheet as at [date], and the income statement, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the [period] ended on that date, a [statement or description of accounting policies⁴²], other selected explanatory notes [and the declaration of those charged with governance⁴³].⁴⁴,⁴⁵

**[Title of those charged with governance] Responsibility for the [period]
Financial Report**

The [title of those charged with governance] of the [type of entity] are responsible for the preparation of the [period] financial report in accordance with the [applicable financial reporting framework] and for such controls as the directors [those charged with governance] determine are necessary to enable the preparation of the [period] financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

⁴² Insert relevant statement or description of accounting policies.

⁴³ Amend this term to reflect the appropriate title for those charged with governance.

⁴⁴ When the auditor is aware that the interim financial report will be included in a document that contains other information, the auditor may consider, if the form of presentation allows, identifying the page numbers on which the reviewed interim financial report is presented.

⁴⁵ The auditor may wish to specify the regulatory authority or equivalent with whom the interim financial report is filed.

**Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
*Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)***

Appendix 4 (continued)

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the [period] financial report based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410 *Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity*, in order to state whether, on the basis of the procedures described, anything has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial report is not presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with the [applicable financial reporting framework]. As the auditor of [name of entity], ASRE 2410 requires that we comply with the ethical requirements relevant to the audit of the annual financial report.

A review of a [period] financial report consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

[Independence]

In conducting our review, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Australian professional accounting bodies⁴⁶].

Basis for Adverse Conclusion

Commencing this period, [title of those charged with governance] of the [entity] ceased to consolidate the financial reports of its subsidiary companies since [title of those charged with governance] considers consolidation to be inappropriate because of the existence of new substantial non-controlling interests. This is not in accordance with [applicable financial reporting framework]. Had a consolidated financial report been prepared, virtually every account in the financial report would have been materially different.

Adverse Conclusion

Our review indicates, because the [entity's] investment in subsidiary companies is not accounted for on a consolidation basis, as described in the previous paragraph, this [period] financial report of [name of entity] does not

⁴⁶ Use when appropriate.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 4 (continued)

present fairly, in all material respects, [or “give a true and fair view of⁴⁷”] the financial position of the [entity] as at [date], and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the [period] period ended on that date, in accordance with [applicable financial reporting framework].

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

[Form and content of this section of the auditor’s review report will vary depending on the nature of the auditor’s other reporting responsibilities.]

[Auditor’s signature⁴⁸]

[Date of the auditor’s review report]

[Auditor’s address]

⁴⁷ Auditing Standard ASA 700 *The Auditor’s Report on a General Purpose Financial Report*, contains information on the wording of reports that may be helpful.

⁴⁸ The auditor’s review report is required to be signed in one or more of the name of the audit firm, the name of the audit company or the personal name of the auditor as appropriate.

**Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)**

Appendix 4 (continued)

**EXAMPLE OF AN AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT
WITH A QUALIFIED CONCLUSION (EXCEPT FOR) ON
THE BASIS THAT COMPARATIVES HAVE NOT BEEN
REVIEWED OR AUDITED**

**INTERIM FINANCIAL REPORT PREPARED IN ACCORDANCE
WITH A FINANCIAL REPORTING FRAMEWORK DESIGNED TO
ACHIEVE FAIR PRESENTATION**

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

To [appropriate addressee]

**Report on the [appropriate title for the financial report] Financial
Report**

We have reviewed the accompanying [period] financial report of [name of entity], which comprises the balance sheet as at [date], and the income statement, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement for the [period] ended on that date, a [statement or description of accounting policies⁴⁹], other selected explanatory notes [and the declaration of those charged with governance⁵⁰].⁵¹,⁵²

**[Title of those charged with governance] Responsibility for the [period]
Financial Report**

The [title of those charged with governance] of the [type of entity] are responsible for the preparation of the [period] financial report in accordance with the [applicable financial reporting framework] and for such controls as the directors [those charged with governance] determine are necessary to enable the preparation of the [period] financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

⁴⁹ Insert relevant statement or description of accounting policies.

⁵⁰ Amend this term to reflect the appropriate title for those charged with governance.

⁵¹ When the auditor is aware that the interim financial report will be included in a document that contains other information, the auditor may consider, if the form of presentation allows, identifying the page numbers on which the reviewed interim financial report is presented.

⁵² The auditor may wish to specify the regulatory authority or equivalent with whom the interim financial report is filed.

**Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)**

Appendix 4 (continued)

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the [period] financial report based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410 *Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity*, in order to state whether, on the basis of the procedures described, anything has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the financial report is not presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with the [applicable financial reporting framework]. As the auditor of [name of entity], ASRE 2410 requires that we comply with the ethical requirements relevant to the audit of the annual financial report.

A review of a [period] financial report consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

[Independence]

In conducting our review, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Australian professional accounting bodies⁵³].

Basis for Qualified Conclusion

As this is the first year that [name of entity] is required to prepare an interim financial report and have it reviewed, the balance sheet, income statement, statement of changes in equity, cash flow statement, [statement or description of accounting policies⁵⁴] and other selected explanatory notes for the preceding corresponding [period] have not been reviewed or audited. Accordingly, we are not in a position to and do not express any assurance in respect of the comparative information for the [period] ended [date of preceding corresponding period]. We have, however, audited the financial report for the preceding financial year ended [date of preceding financial year] and therefore our review statement is not qualified in respect of the comparative information for the year ended [date of preceding financial year] included in the balance sheet.

⁵³ Use when appropriate.

⁵⁴ Insert relevant statement or description of accounting policies.

Proposed Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2410
Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the
Entity (Revised and Redrafted) (Re-issuance of ASRE 2410)

Appendix 4 (continued)

Qualified Conclusion

Except for the effect, if any, on the comparatives for the preceding corresponding [period] that may result from the qualification in the preceding paragraph, based on our review, which is not an audit, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the [period] financial report of [name of entity] does not present fairly, in all material respects, [or “give a true and fair view of⁵⁵”] the financial position of the [entity] as at [date], and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the [period] period ended on that date, in accordance with [applicable financial reporting framework].

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

[Form and content of this section of the auditor’s review report will vary depending on the nature of the auditor’s other reporting responsibilities.]

[Auditor’s signature⁵⁶]

[Date of the auditor’s review report]

[Auditor’s address]

⁵⁵ Auditing Standard ASA 700 *The Auditor’s Report on a General Purpose Financial Report*, contains information on the wording of reports that may be helpful.

⁵⁶ The auditor’s review report is required to be signed in one or more of the name of the audit firm, the name of the audit company or the personal name of the auditor as appropriate.

Tables of Differences — ASRE 2410 (Revised and Redrafted) and Extant ASRE 2410

Underlying Standard

ISRE 2410 *Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity* is used as the underlying Auditing Standard for the purpose of re-drafting this proposed Auditing Standard. The underlying Auditing Standard will be amended for the following matters:

- Australian Laws and Regulations (including the *Corporations Act 2001*);
- Changes considered necessary because this Auditing Standard is a legislative instrument; and
- Changes considered necessary in the public interest.

Summary of Main Differences — ASRE 2410 (Revised and Redrafted) and Extant ASRE 2410

The table below details the main differences (excluding editorial amendments) between this proposed Auditing Standard and extant ASRE 2410.

Item #	ASA (Revised and Redrafted) Para. #	ASA (Revised and Redrafted) Requirements	Commentary
Title of Auditing Standard			
1	Title	<i>Review of a Financial Report Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity</i>	<p>The title of the extant standard (compiled ASRE 2410) is:</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Review of Interim and Other Financial Reports Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity</i></p> <p>Paragraph 6(a) in the extant standard was an amendment to conform to an IAASB amendment that extended the application of the standard to the review of financial information for periods other than an “interim” period. As Paragraph 6(a) is now unnecessary, it has been dropped from the redrafted ASRE 2410.</p>

Item #	ASA (Revised and Redrafted) Para. #	ASA (Revised and Redrafted) Requirements	Commentary
Agreeing the Terms of the Engagement			
2	11	<p>The auditor shall, prior to agreeing the terms of the engagement, determine whether the financial reporting framework is acceptable and obtain agreement from management that it acknowledges and understands its responsibility:</p> <p>(a) for the preparation of the financial report;</p> <p>(b) for such internal controls as management deems necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement; and</p> <p>(c) to provide the auditor with:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • access to information relevant to the preparation of the financial report; • additional information that the auditor may request for the purposes of the review engagement; and • unrestricted access to persons from whom the auditor determines it necessary to obtain evidence. 	Update made to bring the standard in line with the requirements in ASA 210 <i>Agreeing the Terms of Audit Engagements</i> (revised and redrafted)
Going Concern and Significant Uncertainties			
3	42	In circumstances other than a going concern problem, the auditor shall consider adding an emphasis of matter paragraph to highlight a significant uncertainty that is adequately disclosed in the financial report, that came to the auditor's attention, the resolution of which is	Change made to bring the standard in line with proposed ASA 706 <i>Emphasis of Matter Paragraphs and Other Matter Paragraphs in the Independent Auditor's Report</i> (Revised and Redrafted), which in turn uses the equivalent ISA 706 as the

Item #	ASA (Revised and Redrafted) Para. #	ASA (Revised and Redrafted) Requirements	Commentary
		dependent upon future events and which may materially affect the financial report.	<p>underlying standard.</p> <p>In the stated circumstances, the auditor now has to <i>consider</i> the inclusion of an emphasis of matter paragraph, whereas under the extant standard, an emphasis of matter paragraph was mandated (extant ASA 701 para. 11).</p> <p>However, new guidance material on this matter has been added to the standard—see para. A54:</p> <p><i>Ordinarily, a significant uncertainty in relation to any other matter, the resolution of which may materially affect the financial report, would warrant an emphasis of matter paragraph in the auditor’s review report</i></p>
Other Considerations			
4	A58 to A60	New guidance on considerations specific to Public Sector Entities.	New guidance developed from the equivalent guidance in ISRE 2410